# 40. PECTEILIS Rafinesque, Fl. Tellur. 2: 37. 1837.

### 白蝶兰属 bai die lan shu

#### Chen Xinqi (陈心启 Chen Sing-chi); Stephan W. Gale, Phillip J. Cribb

Herbs, terrestrial, medium-sized to large. Tubers solitary or paired, oblong, ellipsoid, or subglobose, undivided, fleshy, neck with several slender roots. Stem erect, often stout, leafy. Leaves cauline and alternate or in a basal rosette, ovate-elliptic or ovate, slightly fleshy, amplexicaul at base. Inflorescence terminal, with 1 to several flowers; floral bracts large, foliaceous. Flowers resupinate, often large, showy, usually white; pedicel and ovary twisted, usually slightly arcuate, narrowly fusiform. Sepals free, similar, broad; dorsal sepal erect; lateral sepals oblique. Petals linear-lanceolate, oblanceolate, or oblong, often narrower and smaller than sepals; lip decurved, irregularly ovate to flabellate, spurred, deeply 3-lobed; lateral lobes spreading, margin fimbriate-lacerate, denticulate, or rarely entire; mid-lobe straight, linear or broadly triangular; spur pendulous, straight to strongly curved, cylindric, often very long, much longer than ovary. Column erect, short; anther erect, 2-locular; locules widely spaced in a very broad connective; pollinia 2, granular-farinaceous, sectile; caudicles slender; viscidia small, each hidden in a tubular fold at end of rostellum arms; lateral appendages 2, elliptic, small, at base of anther; rostellum 3-lobed, lateral arms long, tapering, mid-lobe blunt; stigma lobes adnate to base of lip, connate, convex, sessile.

About five species: E and SE Asia, Himalayas; three species in China.

1. Pecteilis susannae (Linnaeus) Rafinesque, Fl. Tellur. 2: 38. 1837 ["susanna"].

#### 龙头兰 long tou lan

Orchis susannae Linnaeus, Sp. Pl. 2: 939. 1753; Habenaria susannae (Linnaeus) R. Brown; Hemihabenaria susannae (Linnaeus) Finet; Platanthera robusta Lindley; P. susannae (Linnaeus) Lindley.

Plants robust, 45-120 cm tall. Tubers ovoid-cylindric, 3-6  $\times$  1–2.5 cm. Stem stout, with several tubular sheaths at base and several to many leaves intergrading into amplexicaul sterile bracts above. Leaves ovate, oblong, or lanceolate,  $6-10(-12) \times$ 3-6 cm, apex acute. Sterile bracts often foliaceous, ovate-elliptic to lanceolate,  $4-7 \times 1-3.5$  cm, apex acuminate. Rachis 6–15 cm, laxly 2-5-flowered; floral bracts foliaceous, lanceolate, 3-5 cm, shorter than, equal to, or slightly exceeding ovary, apex acute to acuminate. Flowers fragrant, white, large; pedicel and ovary 40-60 mm, shallowly winged, glabrous. Dorsal sepal erect, broadly ovate to orbicular, 25-30 × 20-28 mm, apex obtuse-rounded; lateral sepals spreading, broadly ovate, slightly oblique,  $25-40 \times 12-22$  mm, usually slightly longer than dorsal sepal, apex obtuse. Petals linear-lanceolate,  $7-12 \times ca. 2.5$  mm; lip irregularly ovate, 25-40 × 25-44 cm; lateral lobes broad, subflabellate,  $16-22 \times 18-24$  mm, lateral margins entire, apical margin lacerate-fimbriate; mid-lobe linear-oblong, 18-30 × 4-6 mm, slightly fleshy, entire; spur straight to gradually curved forward, 6–13 cm  $\times$  3–5 mm, apex acute. Fl. Jul–Sep. 2n = 36, 42.44.

Forests, grassy slopes, damp places in valleys; 500-2500 m. Fujian, Guangdong, Guangxi, Guizhou, Hainan, Jiangxi, SW Sichuan,

Yunnan [Cambodia, India, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand, S Vietnam].

**2.** Pecteilis henryi Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. Beih. 4: 45. 1919.

#### 滇南白蝶兰 dian nan bai die lan

Habenaria bassacensis Gagnepain; H. lacei (Rolfe ex Downie) Gagnepain; Pecteilis bassacensis (Gagnepain) Tang & F. T. Wang; P. lacei (Rolfe ex Downie) Tang & F. T. Wang; P. susannae (Linnaeus) Rafinesque subsp. henryi (Schlechter) Soó; Platanthera lacei Rolfe ex Downie.

Plants slender to robust, 50–70 cm tall. Tubers oblong, ca.  $3.5 \times 1.5$  cm. Stem stout, with 1 to several tubular sheaths at base, with 4–6 or more leaves and several amplexicaul sterile bracts above. Leaves ligulate-oblong to lanceolate,  $7.5-10(-12) \times 2-3.5$  cm, apex acute. Sterile bracts usually tightly sheathing stem, narrowly elliptic to lanceolate,  $6-10 \times 1-1.5$  cm, apex acute. Rachis 5–8 cm, laxly 4–7-flowered; floral bracts foliaceous, narrowly oblong-lanceolate, 3-4 cm, exceeding ovary, apex acute. Flowers white, large; pedicel and ovary 25–45 mm, shallowly winged, glabrous. Dorsal sepal oblong-ovate, 15–20 × 8–15 mm, apex obtuse; lateral sepals spreading, oblong-ovate, slightly oblique,  $15-20 \times 6-14$  mm, apex obtuse. Petals erect to spreading, oblanceolate to linear, slightly oblique,  $12-18 \times 1-2.5$  mm; disk with 1 small, convex callus near base; lateral

lobes broadly cuneate-ligulate to nearly rhombic,  $15-20 \times ca$ . 14 mm, apical margin and outer lateral margins deeply laceratefimbriate, inner lateral margins entire; mid-lobe linear-ligulate,  $15-22 \times ca$ . 3 mm, slightly fleshy, entire, apex slightly obtuse; spur pendulous, often distinctly curved forward, slender, 8–11.5 cm  $\times$  1–1.5 mm, attenuate toward apex. Fl. Jul.

Forests, grasslands, gullies; 1000–1900 m. S Yunnan [Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam].

**3. Pecteilis radiata** (Thunberg) Rafinesque, Fl. Tellur. 2: 38. 1837.

## 狭叶白蝶兰 xia ye bai die lan

Orchis radiata Thunberg, Trans. Linn. Soc. 2: 326. 1794; Habenaria radiata (Thunberg) Sprengel; Hemihabenaria radiata (Thunberg) Finet; Plantaginorchis radiata (Thunberg) Szlachetko; Platanthera radiata (Thunberg) Lindley.

Plants slender, 18-37 cm tall. Tubers ellipsoid to subglobose,  $0.8-2 \times 0.5-1$  cm. Stem slender, with 1 or 2 tubular sheaths at base, 3-5 spaced cauline leaves, and 1-3 sterile bracts above. Leaves linear to narrowly lanceolate,  $4-10 \times 0.3$ -0.8 cm, apex acuminate. Sterile bracts linear,  $1.5-4 \times 0.2-0.5$ cm, apex acuminate. Rachis to 3.5 cm, 1- or 2-flowered; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, 7-12 mm, shorter than ovary, apex acuminate. Flowers white, large; pedicel and ovary 10-15 mm, slightly ridged, glabrous. Dorsal sepal suberect, pale green, narrowly ovate, 7-10 × 2-3 mm, 5-7-veined, apex acute; lateral sepals spreading, pale green, narrowly ovate, slightly oblique,  $8-10 \times 2-4$  mm, 5-7-veined, apex acute. Petals erect and loosely connivent with dorsal sepal, white, ovate, oblique, 10- $12 \times 3.5-6$  mm, outer margin toothed to shallowly fimbriate, apex subacute; lip irregularly flabellate,  $13-18 \times 16-25$  mm; lateral lobes obliquely flabellate,  $8-12 \times 6-10$  mm, outer margins deeply fimbriate-laciniate; mid-lobe linear,  $5-10 \times 1-2$ mm, slightly fleshy, entire, apex subobtuse; spur pendulous, straight to slightly curved forward,  $25-40 \times ca. 1.5$  mm, slender, slightly dilated toward apex, apex obtuse. Fl. Jul-Aug. 2n =32, 48.

Glades in forests; ca. 1500 m. W Henan [Japan].

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