42. HABENARIA Willdenow, Sp. Pl. 4: 5, 44. 1805.

玉凤花属 yu feng hua shu

Chen Xinqi (陈心启 Chen Sing-chi); Phillip J. Cribb

Fimbrorchis Szlachetko; Habenaria sect. Kryptostoma Summerhayes; Habenorkis Thouars; Kryptostoma (Summerhayes) Geerinck; Medusorchis Szlachetko; Ochyrorchis Szlachetko; Senghasiella Szlachetko; Smithanthe Szlachetko & Margońska.

Herbs, terrestrial. Tubers subglobose, ellipsoid, or oblong, fleshy, unlobed, neck with several slender roots. Stem erect, base often with tubular sheaths, above sheaths with leaves and sometimes several bractlike leaves above. Leaves 1 to several, loosely arranged or tufted, base contracted into amplexicaul sheaths. Inflorescence racemose, terminal, few to many flowered. Flowers resupinate. Sepals free; dorsal sepal connivent with petals forming a hood; lateral sepals spreading and reflexed. Petals simple or bilobed; lip often 3-lobed, base often spurred, sometimes saccate or spurless. Column short, both sides often with auricles (staminodes); anther erect, with distinct connective and 2 divergent locules, base of each often protruding and grooved; pollinia 2, granular-farinaceous, sectile, usually each by a long caudicle attached to a viscidium; viscidium naked, relatively small; stigmas 2, separate, convex or elongate, \pm clavate, at base of column; rostellum usually stout and large, with arms parallel to basal grooves of anther, \pm embracing caudicles.

About 600 species: worldwide, mainly in tropical and subtropical areas; 54 species (19 endemic) in China.

The recent fragmentation of *Habenaria* by Szlachetko and his co-workers (Szlachetko & Olszewski, Fl. Cameroun 34: 231. 1998; Olszewski & Szlachetko, Ann. Bot. Fenn. 37: 299. 2000; Szlachetko, Orchidee (Hamburg) 55: 489. 2004; Szlachetko, Richardiana 4: 55. 2004; Szlachetko & Margońska, Orchidee (Hamburg) 55: 174. 2004) has not been widely taken up. Although Szlachetko et al. retain many species in *Habenaria*, they also recognize the genera *Fimbrorchis, Kryptostoma, Medusorchis, Ochyrorchis, Senghasiella*, and *Smithanthe* as represented in China and have placed some Chinese *Habenaria* species in these genera. *Habenaria* is almost certainly polyphyletic and some reorganization of it is undoubtedly necessary. We await the results of molecular studies that are currently underway before adopting a different generic classification from that proposed here.

1a. Leaves basal, appressed to substrate, often 2, rarely 1 or more than 2, often cordate, orbicular, or ovate.

2a. Petals simple.

3a. Flowers white; sepals ciliate or not.	
4a. Leaves 3 or 4(-6), in a rosette; lip with a conic appendage at base; spur longer than pedicel and	
ovary	~
4b. Leaves 2, subopposite; lip lacking an appendage; spur shorter than pedicel and ovary	2. H. siamensis
3b. Flowers green or greenish white; sepals not ciliate.	
5a. Spur 8–13 mm, ca. as long as or longer than ovary; leaves $2-3 \times as$ long as wide	5. H. humidicola
5b. Spur indistinct or 1–7 mm, shorter than ovary; leaves slightly longer than wide.	
6a. Stem and ovary pubescent	3. H. diplonema
6b. Stem and ovary glabrous.	
7a. Leaves 2, subopposite; spur ca. 7 mm	6. H. diphylla
7b. Leaves 1 or 2, not as above; spur less than 2 mm.	
8a. Inflorescence 10–20-flowered; spur ca. 1.5 mm	
8b. Inflorescence 4- or 5-flowered; spur indistinct or absent	7. H. reniformis
2b. Petals bilobed, anterior lobe sometimes small and obscure.	
9a. Leaves with yellowish white markings adaxially.	
10a. Leaves thinly textured; sepals ciliate; petals deeply 2-lobed, lower lobe linear, 9(-13) mm	
10b. Leaves relatively thickly textured; sepals not ciliate; petals shallowly 2-lobed, lower lobe	
ca. 0.5 mm	9. H. wolongensis
9b. Leaves lacking yellowish white markings adaxially.	
11a. Dorsal sepal $3-6(-7)$ mm; petals not ciliate.	
12a. Spur 6–9 mm, shorter than pedicel and ovary	
12b. Spur 11–13 mm, longer than pedicel and ovary	. 11. H. balfouriana
11b. Dorsal sepal 7–13 mm; petals ciliate.	
13a. Leaves glaucous adaxially; base of peduncle densely pubescent; dorsal sepal 10-13 mm;	
spur nearly as long as pedicel and ovary	12. H. glaucifolia
13b. Leaves green adaxially; base of peduncle sparsely pubescent or glabrous; dorsal sepal	
7–9 mm; spur longer than pedicel and ovary.	
14a. Leaves with 5–7 white veins adaxially; lip lacking an appendage in mouth of spur	13. <i>H. tibetica</i>
14b. Leaves with $5-7$ green veins adaxially; lip with a conic appendage in mouth	14 77 1
of spur	. 14. H. szechuanica
ст ор ш	

1b. Leaves cauline, well spaced or tufted, never appressed to substrate, various in shape but never cordate nor orbicular.

15a.		s bilo						
	16a.	Petal	ls shal	allowly bilobed; lip \pm cross-shaped.				
		17a.	Flow	wers small; petals ca. 4 mm; lateral lobes of lip obovate-oblanceolate, spreading at a				
			right angle to mid-lobe; spur 1.4–1.5 cm, ca. as long as pedicel and ovary					
		17b.	b. Flowers rather large, petals 5–5.5 mm; lateral lobes of lip linear, spreading at an acute					
			angle	gle to mid-lobe; spur 2.5–3.5 cm, longer than pedicel and ovary	16. H. linearifolia			
	16b.	Petal	als deeply bilobed; lip not cross-shaped.					
				als usually with 6 or 7 filiform laciniae; lip with many filiform laciniae	17 H polytricha			
				als and lip lacking filiform laciniae.				
		100.		a. Sepals long acuminate or caudate-aristate at apex.				
			1 <i>7a</i> .	20a. Petals with anterior (lower) lobe ca. 2.5 mm, shorter than posterior (upper)				
				lobe	18 H stanonatala			
				20b. Petals with anterior (lower) lobe 18–25 mm, longer than posterior (upper)	18. <i>11. stenopetutu</i>			
					10 II nautlinaiana			
			1.01	lobe	19. п. panungiana			
			196.	b. Sepals neither long acuminate nor caudate-aristate at apex.				
				21a. Petals and lip not ciliate on margins of lobes; petal lobes of unequal size, with	••• •• •			
				posterior lobe shorter and wider than anterior lobe	20. H. coultousii			
				21b. Petals and/or lip ciliate, or lip pubescent along apical margins of lobes; petal				
				lobes of equal size.				
				22a. Petals and lip with ciliate lobes; spur not lobed				
				22b. Petals lacking ciliate lobes; spur deeply bilobed at apex	22. H. hosokawae			
15b.		s sim	1					
	23a.			obes of lip with many long laciniae along outside margins.				
				als linear, ca. 0.5 mm wide; spur thickened and geniculate-curved near middle	23. H. medioflexa			
		24b.	Petal	als not linear, 3–8 mm wide; spur not as above.				
			25a.	a. Petals falcate, subovate, ca. 8 mm wide.				
				26a. Sepals not ciliate; connective ca. 8 mm wide; staminodes spatulate, ca. 2 mm;				
				spur shorter than ovary	28. H. yuana			
				26b. Sepals ciliate; connective 2-4 mm wide; staminodes elliptic, ca. 1 mm; spur				
				ca. as long as or longer than ovary.				
				27a. Inflorescence 1–4-flowered; spur 7–8.5 cm, much longer than ovary;				
				connective ca. 2 mm wide	29. H. intermedia			
				27b. Inflorescence 5- or more flowered; spur 3.5–4 cm, ca. as long as or				
				slightly longer than ovary; connective 3-4 mm wide				
			25b	p. Petals oblong or lanceolate, 4–5 mm wide.				
				28a. Spur 4.5–6.5 cm, much longer than pedicel and ovary	26 H davidii			
				28b. Spur 1.7–3.5 cm, shorter than or nearly as long as pedicel and ovary.				
				29a. Connective 10–12 mm wide	24 H limprichtii			
				29b. Connective 2–5 mm wide.	21.11. umprienui			
				$30a$. Petals \pm hairy adaxially; spur 17–18 mm; connective ca. 2 mm wide	25 H nectinata			
				30b. Petals glabrous adaxially; spur 17 18 mm; connective ca. 2 mm wide				
	23h	Lata	ral lak	bbes of lip sometimes serrate but lacking long laciniae along outside margins.				
	250.			eral sepals strongly oblique.				
		51a.		Lip with a ring-shaped or cupular structure, or sometimes a lamella near entrance				
			32a.					
				of spur.				
				33a. Lateral lobes of lip much shorter than mid-lobe.	26 11			
				34a. Spur 10–17 mm, shorter than pedicel and ovary; petals oblong, 3–4 mm.	50. <i>п. acuijera</i>			
				34b. Spur 20–29 mm, longer than pedicel and ovary; petals narrowly ovate or $1 - 10^{-10}$ mm, $1 - 10^{-10}$ m,				
				narrowly elliptic, 4–5 mm	57. H. linguella			
				33b. Lateral lobes of lip nearly as long as mid-lobe.				
				35a. Flowers white, with a brown vein on lateral sepals; spur 20–22 mm,	20 11 11:0			
				slightly longer than pedicel and ovary	38. H. rostellifera			
				35b. Flowers red-orange, with pale green sepals, without a brown vein on	20 T-			
				lateral sepals; spur 11–12 mm, shorter than pedicel and ovary	39. H. rostrata			
			32b.	b. Lip lacking a ring-shaped, cupular structure or lamella near entrance of spur.				
				36a. Dorsal sepal much smaller than lateral sepals.				

37a. Lateral sepals obliquely axe-shaped, ca. 7×13 mm; petals ca. 4 mm

						5–8 cm, pendulous, longer than pedicel and ovary; ovary	
							31. H. commelinifolia
			37b.			als obliquely triangular, ca. 5×8 mm; petals ca. 1 mm wide;	
						cm, ca. as long as or shorter than pedicel and ovary; ovary	
							32. H. austrosinensis
		36b.	Dors	sal sep	al not	or slightly smaller than lateral sepals.	
						al with 3 serrulate keels on abaxial surface	
			38b.			al without keels on abaxial surface.	
				39a.		is villous on ridges; petals triangular-lanceolate, ca. 6 mm; lip	
						a conic callus at base; spur 1.6-2 cm, ca. as long as pedicel an	
						7	34. H. hystrix
				39b.	Rach	is glabrous; petals linear-lanceolate, 13–15 mm; lip without	
					callu	s at base; spur 3-6 cm, much longer than pedicel and ovary	35. H. fordii
31b.	Late	ral sep	oals n	ot or s	lightly	oblique.	
	40a.	Flow	ers o	range	to red;	lip mid-lobe bilobed	40. H. rhodocheila
	40b.	Flov	ers n	ot orai	nge to	red; lip or its mid-lobe simple.	
		41a.	Lip	often ı	ınlobe	d; spur often absent	41. H. malintana
		41b.	Lip	deeply	3-lob	ed; spur present.	
			42a.	Later	ral lob	es of lip broad, subrhombic or suborbicular, apical margin ser	rate.
				43a.	Plant	s 9-25 cm tall; leaves cordate or ovate; spur 17-20 mm, sligh	tly
					short	er or nearly as long as pedicel and ovary	42. H. finetiana
				43b.	Plant	s 35-87 cm tall; leaves oblong to narrowly elliptic; spur to 4 c	em,
					longe	r than pedicel and ovary	43. H. dentata
			42b.	Later	ral lob	es of lip narrow, not as above, margins never serrate.	
				44a.	Mid-	lobe of lip suberect or curved upward, apex adnate to tip of he	bod
					form	ed by dorsal sepal and petals.	
						Floral bracts shorter than pedicel and ovary; lateral sepals ref	lexed;
						spur cylindric, to 21 mm, much longer than pedicel and ovary	
					45b.	Floral bracts longer than flower; lateral sepals spreading, not	
						reflexed; spur clavate, 3–6 mm, shorter than pedicel and	
						ovary	45. H. shweliensis
				44b.	Mid-	lobe of lip never suberect or curved upward, apex never	
						e to hood formed by dorsal sepal and petals.	
						Leaves tufted at base of stem; spur longer than ovary.	
					iou.	47a. Leaves narrowly elliptic or broadly oblanceolate,	
						18–20 mm wide; flowers pale green	46 H ivoensis
						47b. Leaves linear or linear-lanceolate, 4–15 mm wide; flow	
						yellowish green or white.	015
						48a. Leaves 4 or 5, 4–6 mm wide; dorsal sepal	
						ca. 2 mm; spur narrowly cylindric	17 H viridiflora
						48b. Leaves 6–13, 8–15 mm wide; dorsal sepal	47.11. viriaijiora
						ca. 5 mm; spur narrowly cylindric-clavate.	
						49a. Dorsal sepal broadly ovate; lateral sepals	
						narrowly ovate; petals ovate-ligulate; lip	10 II physicalizeta
						with lateral lobes narrower than mid-lobe	48. <i>H. plurijoliala</i>
						49b. Dorsal sepal elliptic; lateral sepals elliptic;	
						petals linear; lip with lateral lobes and	
						mid-lobe equal in width	49. H. tonkinensis
					46b.	Leaves not tufted at base of stem; spur longer or shorter than	
						ovary.	
						50a. Dorsal sepal 7–8 mm.	
						51a. Spur narrowly cylindric, 3–5 mm, shorter than	
						pedicel and ovary; dorsal sepal narrowly ovate,	
						ca. 4 mm wide; petals ca. 2.5 mm wide; flowers y	
						51b. Spur clavate, 8–13 mm, ca. as long as pedicel and	l
						ovary; dorsal sepal cordate or broadly ovate,	
						5-6 mm wide; petals obliquely ovate-triangular,	
						3–3.8 mm wide; flowers yellowish green	51. H. marginata
						50b. Dorsal sepal 3–4 mm.	

1. Habenaria delavayi Finet, Rev. Gén. Bot. 13: 527. 1901.

厚瓣玉凤花 hou ban yu feng hua

Habenaria yunnanensis Rolfe.

Plants 9–35 cm tall. Tubers oblong or ovoid, $1-2 \times 1-1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, 3-5 mm in diam., glabrous, base with 1 or 2 tubular sheaths, with 3 or rarely 4(-6) leaves in a dense basal rosette, and with 1-5 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade orbicular or ovate, $1.5-5 \times 1.5-4$ cm, slightly fleshy, base obtuse-rounded, abruptly narrowed and amplexicaul, apex obtuse or acute. Raceme 6-15 cm, loosely 7-20-flowered; floral bracts lanceolate, ca. 1/2 length of ovary, apex aristate; ovary twisted, slightly arching, fusiform, glabrous, including pedicel 1.3-1.8 cm. Flowers white. Dorsal sepal erect, broadly elliptic, ca. 4×4 mm, concave, abaxially keeled and toward apex pubescent, 3-veined; lateral sepals reflexed, lanceolate, $4-5 \times ca$. 2.5 mm, 3-veined, apex acute, abaxially and along margin pubescent. Petals linear, ca. 6×0.8 mm, base twisted, 1-veined, apex acute; lip spurred, deeply 3-lobed above base; lobes narrow, equal in width, stout; lateral lobes linear-cuneate, $8-9 \times$ 0.8–1 mm; mid-lobe linear, \pm subcylindric, ca. 7 \times 0.7 mm, adaxially channeled; spur pendulous, slightly curved, clavate, 1.2-1.4 cm, longer than ovary, with 1 slightly incurved, subulate appendage at front margin of mouth; pollinia obovoid; caudicles nearly oblong, slender; viscidium ovate; stigmas clavate, apex papillate. Fl. Jun-Aug.

• Forests, grassy places in forests, shrubby grasslands; 1500–3000 m. Guizhou, W Sichuan, NW to SE Yunnan.

2. Habenaria siamensis Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. 2: 82. 1906.

中泰玉凤花 zhong tai yu feng hua

Plants 14–16 cm tall. Tubers oblong, 2–3 cm × 8–10 mm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, 2–3 mm in diam., glabrous, often with 2 spreading basal leaves, with 3–5 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade ovate or ovate-oblong, 4–4.5 × 2.5–3.5 cm, base amplexicaul-sheathing, apex acute or acuminate. Raceme several to more than 10-flowered, erect or arching, 4–6 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, ca. 13 mm, shorter than ovary, margin finely ciliate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, slightly arching, cylindric, including pedicel to 15 mm, glabrous. Flowers white. Sepals 3veined, margin finely ciliate; dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate, concave, ca. 8×4 mm; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-lanceolate, ca. 9×4 mm. Petals obliquely falcate-lanceolate, ca. 8×2.5 mm, 2-veined; lip

52a. I	Floral bracts longer than ovary; flowers pale					
y	yellowish green					
52b. I	Floral bracts shorter or nearly as long as ovary;					
f	flowers pinkish white or pale green.					
4	53a.	Floral bracts much shorter than pedicel and				
		ovary; flowers pinkish white; lateral sepals				
		2-veined; petals obliquely oblong-ovate;				
		spur ca. 21 mm 53. H. nematocerata				
4	53b.	Floral bracts nearly as long as pedicel and				
		ovary; flowers pale green; lateral sepals				
		3-veined; petals lanceolate; spur ca. 17 mm 54. H. furcifera				

spurred at base, deeply 3-lobed above base; lateral lobes linear-filiform, \pm curved, $17-21 \times$ ca. 0.5 mm, attenuate toward apex; mid-lobe straight, linear, $6-9 \times 0.8-1.5$ mm; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 9-10 mm, conspicuously shorter than ovary, dilated from middle to end, near end ca. 2.2 mm in diam., apex obtuse; connective narrow, ca. 1 mm wide; rostellum short; stigmas oblong-clavate, ca. 4 mm. Fl. Aug.

Grassy slopes; ca. 600 m. SE Guizhou [Thailand].

3. Habenaria diplonema Schlechter, Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edinburgh 5: 100. 1912.

小巧玉凤花 xiao qiao yu feng hua

Plants 8–13 cm tall. Tubers oblong, ca. 1 cm \times 5 mm, fleshy. Stem erect or ascending, slender, pubescent, with 2 nearly opposite leaves near middle. Leaf blade orbicular, 1.5-2 \times 1.4–1.7 cm, adaxially with yellowish white venation, densely finely papillate, base narrowed and amplexicaul-sheathing, margin white ciliate, apex acute. Raceme 4-14-flowered; rachis pubescent; floral bracts lanceolate, much shorter than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, pubescent, including pedicel ca. 7 mm. Flowers green, small. Dorsal sepal erect, broadly ovate, ca. 3.5×3 mm, glabrous, 1-veined, apex obtuserounded; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-elliptic, ca. $4 \times$ 2.5 mm, glabrous, 1-veined, apex subobtuse. Petals erect, obliquely falcate-ovate, ca. 3.5×2.3 mm, glabrous, 1-veined, unlobed; lip spurred at base, above base 3-lobed; lateral lobes filiform, 6-7 mm, much longer than mid-lobe; mid-lobe linearligulate, ca. 2 mm, apex subacute; spur pendulous, clavate, ca. 4 mm. Fl. Aug.

• Forests, soil-covered rocks; 2800-4200 m. N Fujian, SW Sichuan, NW Yunnan.

4. Habenaria acianthoides Schlechter, Acta Horti Gothob. 1: 138. 1924.

小花玉凤花 xiao hua yu feng hua

Plants 18–20 cm tall. Tubers ovoid, ca. 1.5 cm, fleshy. Stem erect or ascending, slender, glabrous, with 1 leaf at base and 2 or 3 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade green or purplish red, ovate-orbicular, $1.5-3 \times 2.2-2.8$ cm, slightly fleshy, base subcordate, apex mucronate. Raceme with 10–20 secund flowers, 8–12 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, much shorter than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, fusiform, including pedicel ca. 4.5 mm, glabrous. Flowers green, very small. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate, ca. 1.5×1.2 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate,

ca. 1.75×1 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse. Petals obliquely ovate, ca. 1.5×1.5 mm, 1-veined; lip spurred at base, 3-veined, deeply 3-lobed below middle; lateral lobes divaricate, \pm curved, filiform, ca. 3.5 mm; mid-lobe straight, linear, ca. 2 mm; spur pendulous, oblong-cylindric, ca. 1.5 mm, apex obtuse. Fl. Jul.

• Forests, thickets; 900-1900 m. S Gansu, E Qinghai, W Sichuan.

5. Habenaria humidicola Rolfe, Bull. Misc. Inform. Kew 1896: 202. 1896.

湿地玉凤花 shi di yu feng hua

Plants 15-20 cm tall. Tubers cylindric, 1-4 cm × 5-15 mm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, glabrous, with 3 or 4 rosette leaves at base and with a few bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade lanceolate-oblong, $4-6 \times 1-1.5$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex subacute or acuminate. Raceme laxly few to many flowered, 5-20 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, 5-14 mm, shorter to longer than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindricfusiform, including pedicel 8-10 mm, glabrous. Flowers green, small. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovateoblong, concave, $3.2-4 \times 2-2.8$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-oblong, $3.5-4.5 \times 1.8-2$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse. Petals straight, linear-oblong, 3.2-4 \times ca. 1 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse; lip 5–9 mm, spurred at base, deeply 3-lobed above base; lateral lobes linear-lanceolate, attenuate and filiform above middle, 4.5-9 mm; mid-lobe linear, 3.2-6 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, cylindric, 8-15 mm, ca. as long as or longer than ovary, slender, apical half slightly dilated; stigmas oblong-clavate, ca. 1.5 mm. Fl. Sep.

Forests, damp places on shaded rocks; 600–1500 m. SW Guizhou, S Yunnan, E Zhejiang [Myanmar].

6. Habenaria diphylla Dalzell, Hooker's J. Bot. Kew Gard. Misc. 2: 262. 1850.

二叶玉凤花 er ye yu feng hua

Habenaria humistrata Rolfe ex Downie; Liparis diphyllos Nimmo.

Plants 7-25 cm tall. Tubers ovoid or ellipsoid, 0.5-1.5 cm, fleshy. Stem erect or ascending, terete, glabrous, with 2 nearly opposite leaves at base and 2-5 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade cordate or nearly reniform, $1.2-3.5 \times 1-5$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acute. Raceme loosely 1to several flowered; rachis glabrous; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, 4-7 mm, shorter than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 10-11 mm, glabrous. Flowers greenish white, small. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate, concave, ca. 5 × 4 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuserounded; lateral sepals reflexed, oblong, ca. 6 × 3 mm, 3veined, apex acute. Petals straight, linear-lanceolate, ca. 5×1 mm, 1-veined, apex acute; lip 13-15 mm, from base deeply 3lobed, lobes filiform; lateral lobes longer than mid-lobe, 13-15 mm, often curled upward toward apex; spur pendulous, subclavate, 5.5-9 mm, shorter than ovary, apex subacute; stigmas narrowly clavate. Fl. Jun. 2n = 42, 42 + 2B, 108.

Damp places and on rocks in forests along valleys; 1000–1400 m. S Yunnan [N India, Thailand].

7. Habenaria reniformis (D. Don) J. D. Hooker, Fl. Brit. India

6: 152. 1890.

肾叶玉凤花 shen ye yu feng hua

Listera reniformis D. Don, Prodr. Fl. Nepal. 28. 1825; Aopla reniformis Lindley; Herminium reniforme (D. Don) Lindley; Neottia reniformis (D. Don) Sprengel.

Plants 18-20 cm tall. Tubers globose, ca. 1 cm in diam., fleshy. Stem rather slender, with 1 or 2 leaves at base and 3 or 4 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade almost spreading horizontally, orbicular, ovate-cordate, or broadly ovate-orbicular, 1.8- 2.5×1.5 –2.7 cm, fleshy, base often cordate, amplexicaul, apex obtuse. Raceme sparsely 4- or 5-flowered, 7-8 cm, glabrous; floral bracts lanceolate, small, 6-8 mm, much shorter than ovary; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 13-16 mm, glabrous. Flowers green, small. Dorsal sepal erect, concave, narrowly ovate-oblong, ca. 5×1.7 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals spreading or reflexed, obliquely ovatelanceolate, ca. 6×1.5 mm, 3-veined, apex acuminate. Petals oblique, narrowly lanceolate, falcate, ca. 4.5×1 mm, 1-veined, apex subobtuse; lip linear, slightly longer than or ca. as long as sepals, usually with 1 tooth on either side below middle; spur often absent; stigmas subcylindric or clavate, ca. 1.5 mm. Fl. Oct.

Grassy places in forests. Guangdong, S Hainan [Cambodia, India, Nepal, Thailand, Vietnam].

8. Habenaria fargesii Finet, Rev. Gén. Bot. 13: 528. 1901.

雅致玉凤花 ya zhi yu feng hua

Plants 13–24 cm tall. Tubers ovoid or oblong, $1.5-3 \times 1-$ 1.5 cm, fleshy. Stem erect or ascending, terete, slender, 1-2 mm in diam., finely papillate-pubescent, with 2 nearly opposite leaves at base, and 1-3 bractlike leaflets above leaves. Leaf blade spreading horizontally, adaxially with yellowish white markings, ovate-orbicular or orbicular, $4-4.5 \times 4-5$ cm, slightly fleshy, base abruptly narrowed and amplexicaul, apex acute. Raceme 4-9-flowered, 5-15 cm; rachis finely papillate-pubescent; floral bracts lanceolate, much shorter than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric, including pedicel 7-8 mm, papillate-pubescent. Flowers yellowish green. Dorsal sepal ovate, concave, $3-3.5 \times ca$. 2.5 mm, 3-veined, ciliate, apex acute; lateral sepals strongly reflexed, obliquely ovate, $5-5.5 \times$ ca. 4 mm, 4-veined, ciliate, apex acute. Petals connivent with dorsal sepal, deeply 2-lobed; upper lobe falcate-oblong, ca. 4 mm; lower lobe linear, ca. 8 mm; lip spurred at base, deeply 3lobed above base; lateral lobes divaricate, filiform, ca. 1.5 cm, apex curled; mid-lobe linear, much shorter than lateral lobes; spur pendulous, cylindric, clavate below middle, longer than ovary; connective broad; pollinia obcuneate; caudicles curved, linear, slender; viscidia subglobose; rostellum with slender lateral lobes. Fl. Aug.

 \bullet Forests, along valleys; 1400–3000 m. N Chongqing, SE Gansu, Sichuan.

9. Habenaria wolongensis K. Y. Lang, Acta Phytotax. Sin. 22: 314. 1984.

卧龙玉凤花 wo long yu feng hua

Plants 21–30 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $1.5-2.5 \times 1-1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, pubescent, with 2 nearly opposite leaves at base, and sometimes 1-6 bractlike leaflets above leaves. Leaf blade spreading horizontally, adaxially with yellowish white markings, cordate or ovate, $4-8.5 \times 3.5-9$ cm, slightly fleshy, base abruptly narrowed and amplexicaul, apex acute. Raceme many flowered, 7-10 cm; rachis pubescent; floral bracts lanceolate, shorter than ovary, ciliate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 8-10 mm. Flowers yellowish green. Dorsal sepal erect, broadly ovate, concave, ca. 5×3.5 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, ca. 6 × 3 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse. Petals basally 2-lobed; upper lobe falcate-lanceolate, ca. 6 mm; lower lobe a tooth at base of upper lobe, ca. 0.5 mm; lip spurred at base, near base deeply 3-lobed, lobes linear, ca. 6.5 mm; lateral lobes lanceolate-filiform, slightly narrower than linear mid-lobe; spur pendulous, subclavate, ca. as long as ovary, apex obtuse; pollinia ovoid; viscidia elliptic; stigmas clavate. Fl. Aug.

• Forests; ca. 2200 m. W Sichuan.

10. Habenaria aitchisonii H. G. Reichenbach, Trans. Linn. Soc. London, Bot. 3: 113. 1886.

落地金钱 luo di jin qian

Habenaria bihamata Kraenzlin; H. diceras Schlechter; H. diceras var. pubicaulis (Schlechter) Soó; H. pubicaulis Schlechter.

Plants 12–33 cm tall. Tubers oblong or ellipsoid, $1-2.5 \times$ 0.8-1.5 cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, papillate-pubescent, with 2 nearly opposite leaves at base. Leaf blade spreading horizontally, ovate or ovate-orbicular, $2-5 \times 1.5-4$ cm, adaxially sometimes with 5 yellowish white veins, base narrowed and amplexicaul, apex acute. Raceme several to many flowered, 5-15 cm; rachis papillate; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, ca. as long as or shorter than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 7-10 mm, papillate-hairy. Flowers yellowish green or green, small. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate, concave, $3-5 \times 2.5-3.5$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse or acute; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-oblong, 3.5- $5.5 \times 2-3$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse or acute. Petals indistinctly 2-lobed; upper lobe obliquely falcate-lanceolate, $3-5 \times$ 1.5-2 mm; lower lobe a tooth at base of upper lobe; lip longer than sepals, above base deeply 3-lobed; lateral lobes retrorse, almost embracing erect sepals, subulate, 6-12 mm, apex slightly hooked; mid-lobe reflexed, straight, linear, $5-9 \times 1-1.2$ mm; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 6-9 mm, shorter than ovary; connective relatively narrow; stigmas subclavate. Fl. Jul-Sep. 2n = 42.

Forests, thickets, grasslands; 2100–4300 m. Guizhou, S Qinghai, W Sichuan, S and SE Xizang, C and NW Yunnan [Afghanistan, Bhutan, India, Kashmir].

11. Habenaria balfouriana Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. 20: 381. 1924.

滇蜀玉凤花 dian shu yu feng hua

Plants 15–20 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $1-1.5 \times 0.7-1$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, 2–2.5 mm in diam., densely papillate-

hairy, with 2 nearly opposite leaves at base. Leaf blade spreading horizontally, sometimes slightly tinged with yellowish white, ovate or broadly elliptic, $3-4 \times ca$. 3 cm, slightly fleshy, with 5 main veins, base obtuse-rounded, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme 3-7-flowered, erect, ca. 7 cm; rachis papillate; floral bracts lanceolate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, fusiform, including pedicel 11-12 mm, finely papillate-hairy. Flowers yellowish green. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate, concave, $5-6 \times 3.5-4$ mm, 3-veined, margin ciliate-denticulate, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-oblong, 6-7 × 3.5-4 mm, 3-veined, apex subacute. Petals 2-lobed; upper lobe obliquely ovate-lanceolate, $5-6 \times 2-2.2$ mm; lower lobe a tooth at base of upper lobe; lip longer than sepals, deeply 3-lobed above base; lateral lobes retrorse, almost embracing ovary, subulate, 1-1.2 cm; mid-lobe linear, ca. 1 cm; spur pendulous, slightly curved, cylindric-clavate, ca. 1.3 cm, longer than ovary, apex subobtuse; connective relatively narrow; stigmas suboblong. Fl. Jul-Aug.

• Forests or shrubby grasslands; 2200–3600 m. SW Sichuan, NW Yunnan.

12. Habenaria glaucifolia Bureau & Franchet, J. Bot. (Morot) 5: 152. 1891.

粉叶玉凤花 fen ye yu feng hua

Habenaria alexandrae Schlechter; H. gnomifera Schlechter; Senghasiella glaucifolia (Bureau & Franchet) Szlachetko.

Plants 15–50 cm tall. Tubers oblong or ovoid, $1.5-3 \times 1-$ 1.5 cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, 3-5 mm in diam., pubescent, with 2 nearly opposite leaves at base. Leaf blade spreading horizontally, abaxially slightly tinged with gravish white, adaxially purplish green, suborbicular or ovate-orbicular, 3.5- $4.6 \times 3-4.7$ cm, rather stout, base obtuse-rounded and amplexicaul, apex acute or subacuminate. Raceme 5-20 cm, 3-10flowered; peduncle densely pubescent at base; rachis pubescent; floral bracts lanceolate or ovate, shorter than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 2.5-3 cm, pubescent. Flowers white or whitish green. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate or oblong, concave, $10-13 \times 6-7$ mm, 5-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate or oblong, $11-14 \times 7-7.5$ mm, 5-veined, apex acute. Petals deeply 2-lobed; upper lobe spatulate-oblong, ca. 12×6 mm, margin ciliate, apex obtuse; lower lobe much smaller, linear-lanceolate, $3-5 \times 1-1.5$ mm, apex acute or subobtuse; lip reflexed, much longer than sepals, base with a short claw, above base deeply 3-lobed; lateral lobes divaricate, linear-lanceolate, ca. 2.5 cm, circinate toward apex; mid-lobe straight, linear, ca. 1.2 cm, slightly wider than lateral lobes; spur pendulous, cylindric-subclavate, 2.5-3 cm, nearly as long as ovary, apex slightly obtuse; connective extremely wide; stigmas lanceolate. Fl. Jul-Aug.

• Forests, thickets, grasslands; 2000–4300 m. S Gansu, Guizhou, S Shaanxi, W Sichuan, SE Xizang, NW to SE Yunnan.

13. Habenaria tibetica Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. Beih. 12: 338. 1922.

西藏玉凤花 xi zang yu feng hua

Plants 18-35 cm tall. Tubers subglobose, oblong, or ellipsoid, 2-3 × 2-2.5 cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, papillate-hairy, with 2 nearly opposite leaves at base. Leaf blade spreading horizontally, ovate or orbicular, $3-6.5 \times 2.5-7$ cm, adaxially with 5-7 white veins, base obtuse-rounded, abruptly narrowed and amplexicaul, apex acute to obtuse. Raceme 4-10 cm, loosely 3-8-flowered; rachis papillate-hairy; floral bracts lanceolate or linear-lanceolate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, narrowly fusiform, including pedicel 1.5-2 cm, finely papillatehairy. Flowers yellowish green to whitish. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate, concave, $7-9 \times 4.5-5$ mm, 3(-5)-veined, apex subobtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, $9-11 \times 4-5$ mm, 3(-5)-veined, apex subacute. Petals shallowly 2-lobed; upper lobe oblique, oblong-lanceolate to ovate-lanceolate, 8-10 × 3-3.5 mm, 2-veined, margin papillateciliate, apex subacute; lower lobe a tooth at base of upper lobe, 1.5-2 mm; lip longer than sepals, near base deeply 3-lobed, lobes reflexed; lateral lobes divergent, linear-filiform, 25-40 mm, apically often curled; mid-lobe straight, linear, 10-19 mm, apex obtuse; spur often spreading horizontally, cylindric-clavate, 2-2.5 cm, much longer than ovary, apex obtuse; connective rather wide; stigmas ligulate. Fl. Jul-Aug.

• Forests, thickets, grasslands; 2300–4300 m. S Gansu, NE Qinghai, W Sichuan, SE Xizang, NW Yunnan.

14. Habenaria szechuanica Schlechter, Acta Horti Gothob. 1: 140. 1924.

四川玉凤花 si chuan yu feng hua

Plants 20-30 cm tall. Tubers subglobose or ellipsoid, 1-2 \times 1–1.5 cm. Stem erect or ascending, terete, 3–5 mm in diam., finely papillate-hairy, with 2 nearly opposite leaves at base. Leaf blade spreading horizontally, broadly ovate or orbicular, $3-4.5 \times 3-5$ cm, slightly fleshy, with 5(-7) green veins, base obtuse-rounded, abruptly narrowed and amplexicaul, apex shortly acuminate or acute. Raceme erect, with 3-7 often secund flowers, 4-12 cm; rachis finely papillate-hairy; floral bracts linear or lanceolate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, arching, fusiform, including pedicel 1–1.5 cm, papillate-hairy. Flowers yellowish green. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate, concave, $7-8 \times ca. 3.5$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, $8-9 \times 3.5-4$ mm, 3-veined, apex subobtuse. Petals shallowly 2-lobed; upper lobe obliquely oblong-lanceolate, $8-9 \times 2-2.5$ mm, 2veined, margin papillate-ciliate, apex obtuse; lower lobe a tooth at base of upper lobe, 1.5-2 mm; lip reflexed, longer than sepals, spurred at base, adaxially with an appendage 5-7 mm, above base deeply 3-lobed; lateral lobes linear-filiform, 2.5-2.8(-4) cm, apex often curled; mid-lobe linear, 1.3-1.9 cm; spur cylindric-clavate, 2-2.5 cm, longer than ovary, apex obtuse; connective rather wide; stigmas narrowly clavate. Fl. Jul-Aug.

• Forests of *Pinus yunnanensis* or *Picea*; 2900–3200 m. S Shaanxi (Taibai Shan), NW Sichuan, NW Yunnan.

15. Habenaria schindleri Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. 16: 354. 1920.

十字兰 shi zi lan

Fimbrorchis linearifolia (Maximowicz) Szlachetko subsp. *schindleri* (Schlechter) Szlachetko; *Habenaria sagittifera* H. G. Reichenbach f. *lacerata* Matsuda.

Plants 25-70 cm tall. Tubers oblong or ovoid, 5-15 mm in diam., fleshy. Stem erect, terete, with 4-7 leaves below middle. Leaf blade linear, $5-23 \times 0.3-0.9$ cm, base amplexicaul-sheathing, apex acuminate. Raceme 5.5-18 cm, 6-25flowered; rachis glabrous; floral bracts linear-lanceolate to ovate-lanceolate, basal ones 15-20 mm, longer than ovary, glabrous; ovary twisted, slightly arching, terete, including pedicel 1.4-1.5 cm. Flowers white, glabrous. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate-orbicular, concave, $4.5-5 \times 4-4.5$ mm, 5-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals strongly reflexed, obliquely oblong-ovate, $6-7 \times 4-5$ mm, 4(or 5)-veined, apex subacute. Petals 2-lobed; upper lobe ovate-triangular, ca. 4×2 mm, 2-veined; lower lobe triangular-lanceolate, 1.5-1.8 mm, apex shallowly bilobed; lip spreading, (11-)13-15 mm, below middle deeply 3-lobed and \pm cross-shaped; lobes 7–9 mm; lateral lobes spreading at right angles to mid-lobe, obovate-oblanceolate, 1-1.5 mm wide, apex fimbriate; mid-lobe linear, ca. 0.8 mm wide, toward apex contracted; spur pendulous, 1.4-1.5 cm, nearly as long as ovary, abruptly dilated near apex; stigmas oblong. Fl. Jul–Oct. 2n = 28.

Forests or grasslands along valleys; 200–1700 m. Anhui, Fujian, Guangdong, Hebei, Hunan, Jiangsu, Jiangxi, Jilin, Liaoning, Zhejiang [Japan, Korea].

16. Habenaria linearifolia Maximowicz, Mém. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersbourg Divers Savans 9 [Prim. Fl. Amur.]: 269. 1859.

线叶十字兰 xian ye shi zi lan

Fimbrorchis linearifolia (Maximowicz) Szlachetko.

Plants 25-80 cm tall. Tubers ovoid or globose, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, with 5-7 leaves below middle. Leaf blade linear, $9-20 \times 3-7$ cm, base amplexical-sheathing, apex acuminate. Raceme 8-20-flowered, 5-16 cm; rachis glabrous; floral bracts lanceolate to ovate-lanceolate, basal ones ca. 1.5 cm, shorter than ovary, apex long acuminate; ovary twisted, slightly arching, cylindric, including pedicel 1.8-2 cm, glabrous. Flowers white or greenish white, glabrous. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate or broadly ovate, concave, 5.5-6 \times 3.5–4 mm, 5-veined; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, $6-7 \times 4-5$ mm. 4- or 5-veined, apex subacute. Petals 2-lobed: upper lobe $5-5.5 \times 3.5-4$ mm; lower lobe a short tooth, apex shallowly 2-lobed; lip spreading, ca. 15 mm, deeply 3-lobed near middle and \pm cross-shaped; lobes linear, $8-9 \times 0.5-0.6$ mm; lateral lobes spreading at acute angles to mid-lobe, apex fimbriate; mid-lobe entire; spur pendulous, 2.5-3.5 cm, longer than ovary, slightly thickened toward end, apex obtuse; stigmas oblong. Fl. Jul–Sep. 2n = 28.

Forests or grasslands along valleys; 200–1500 m. Anhui, N Fujian, Hebei, Heilongjiang, Henan, Hunan, Jiangsu, Jiangsu, Jilin, Liaoning, Nei Mongol, Shandong, Zhejiang [Japan, Korea, Russia (Far East)].

17. Habenaria polytricha Rolfe, Hooker's Icon. Pl. 25: ad t. 2496. 1896.

丝裂玉凤花 si lie yu feng hua

Medusorchis polytricha (Rolfe) Szlachetko.

Plants 40–80 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $3-5 \times 1-2.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 7 or 8(-10) leaves near middle and 3 to many bractlike leaflets above leaves. Leaf blade narrowly elliptic to oblong-lanceolate, $4-20 \times 2-6$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acuminate, Raceme 6-15(-40)-flowered, 15-30 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, 10-12 mm, apex long acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 14-15 mm, glabrous. Flowers greenish white; sepals green. Dorsal sepal elliptic-lanceolate, concave, $8-9 \times 3-$ 4 mm, 3-veined, apex aristate; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate. $9-12 \times 5-6$ mm. 3-veined, apex aristate. Petals pale green or white, deeply 2-lobed; upper lobe 2-lobed and lower lobe 3-5-lobed once again, lobules all filiform, 14-17 mm; lip pale green or white, above base 3-lobed, each lobe divided once more into more than 20 lobules; lobules filiform, 14-18 mm; spur pendulous, white, cylindric-clavate, 12-14 mm, shorter than ovary, slightly dilated toward end, apex obtuse; stigmas oblong. Fl. Aug-Oct.

Forests; 300–1100 m. Guangxi, Jiangsu, SW Sichuan, Taiwan, Zhejiang [Japan (Ryukyu Islands), Philippines].

18. Habenaria stenopetala Lindley, Gen. Sp. Orchid. Pl. 319. 1835.

狭瓣玉凤花 xia ban yu feng hua

Habenaria amanoana Ohwi; H. delessertiana Kraenzlin; H. linearipetala Hayata; H. rhynchocarpa (Thwaites) J. D. Hooker; H. sutepensis Rolfe ex Downie; Platanthera rhynchocarpa Thwaites.

Plants 40-89 cm tall. Tubers oblong or narrowly ellipsoid, $2-5 \times 1-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 5-8 leaves near middle and many bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade elliptic or oblong to oblong-lanceolate, $8-16 \times 3-5.5$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acute or acuminate. Raceme densely many flowered, 10-20 cm; floral bracts lanceolate or ovate-lanceolate, $1.5-2.8 \times 0.4-0.6$ cm, often longer than flowers, apex aristate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 1.5-2.2 cm, glabrous. Flowers green or greenish white. Dorsal sepal erect, ovate-elliptic, concave, 1.4- 1.6×0.4 -0.5 cm, 3-veined, apex long acuminate or caudatearistate; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, $1.6-1.8 \times 0.5-$ 0.6 cm, 3-veined, apex long acuminate or caudate-aristate. Petals slightly shorter and narrower than dorsal sepal, 2-lobed; upper lobe linear, $10-13 \times 1-1.8$ mm, 1-veined, apex acuminate; lower lobe narrowly falcate, small, ca. 2.5 mm; lip brownish, 10-15 mm, deeply 3-lobed from base; lateral lobes linear or subulate, shorter than mid-lobe; mid-lobe linear or ligulate, wider than lateral lobes; spur pendulous, cylindric, 15-26 mm, ca. as long as or longer than ovary, apex obtuse; stigmas oblong-clavate. Fl. Aug–Oct. 2n = 40, 42.

Broad-leaved forests or forest margins; 300–1800 m. Guizhou, Taiwan, SE Xizang [India, Japan (Ryukyu Islands), Kashmir, Nepal, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam].

19. Habenaria pantlingiana Kraenzlin, Orchid. Gen. Sp. 1:

892.1900.

丝瓣玉凤花 si ban yu feng hua

Habenaria cirrhifera Ohwi; H. longitentaculata Hayata; H. polytricha (J. D. Hooker) Pradhan (1979), not Rolfe (1896); H. stenopetala Lindley var. polytricha J. D. Hooker.

Plants 40–70 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $3-5 \times 1-2.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 6 or 7 leaves near middle and 2-7 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade oblong-lanceolate or obovate-lanceolate, $13-15 \times 3.5-4.5$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acute or acuminate. Raceme densely many flowered, 8–20 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, $18-24 \times 2.5-$ 4 mm, ca. as long as or longer than ovary, apex long acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric, including pedicel 1.8-2.2 cm, glabrous. Flowers green. Dorsal sepal erect, ovate-lanceolate, concave, 1.2-1.5 × 0.4-0.6 cm, 3-veined, apex long acuminatecaudate; lateral sepals reflexed, slightly oblique, ovate-lanceolate, $1.4-1.5 \times 0.4-0.6$ cm, 3-veined, apex long acuminate-caudate. Petals deeply 2-lobed from base; lobes divaricate, filiform; upper lobe 1.1-1.4 cm; lower lobe 1.8-2 cm; lip deeply 3-lobed from base; lobes filiform, 1.8-2.5 cm \times ca. 0.8 mm, sometimes mid-lobe shorter than lateral lobes; spur pendulous, cylindric, 1.8-2.3 cm, ca. as long as or longer than ovary, slightly thickened toward end; pollinia oblong; viscidia orbicular, small; stigmas clavate. Fl. Aug–Oct. 2n = 42, 42 + 2B.

Broad-leaved forests; 400–700 m. SW Guangxi, SE Hainan, N Taiwan [India (Sikkim), Japan (Ryukyu Islands), Nepal, Vietnam].

20. Habenaria coultousii Barretto, Orchadian 7: 10. 1981.

香港玉凤花 xiang gang yu feng hua

Plants 15–45 cm tall. Tubers oblong, to $3.5 \times ca. 1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, slender, with 3 or 4 leaves near middle and 2 or 3 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade lanceolate or ovate-lanceolate, $2.5-5.2 \times 0.8-1.2$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, margin very narrow and membranous, apex acuminate. Raceme 2-9-flowered: floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, concave, ca. 2.4 cm, often longer than ovary, apex long acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 18-20 mm, glabrous. Flowers whitish green. Sepals abaxially green, adaxially white, $8-9 \times 3.5-4.5$ mm, 3-veined, apex acute; dorsal sepal concave-hooded, erect, narrowly ovate; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, concave, Petals white, obliquely ovate, $9-11 \times ca$. 2 mm, deeply 2-lobed from base; upper lobe shorter and broader than lower lobe, basal half connivent with dorsal sepal, apical half spreading, knife-shaped; lower lobe filiform, apex often curved; lip pale green, 9-12 mm, deeply 3lobed from base; lobes linear-filiform; lateral lobes ca. as long as but narrower than mid-lobe; spur pendulous, yellowish green, base narrow and whitish, 22-24 mm, longer than ovary, slender, with widest part near middle, becoming narrower toward both ends; pollinia subglobose; caudicles 3.5-4 mm; viscidia narrowly elliptic, ca. 0.5 mm; stigmas yellowish white, broadly bean-shaped. Fl. Oct.

• Forests, along valleys; ca. 300 m. Hong Kong.

21. Habenaria petelotii Gagnepain, Bull. Soc. Bot. France 78: 73. 1931.

裂瓣玉凤花 lie ban yu feng hua

Habenaria pseudodenticulata Handel-Mazzetti.

Plants 35–60 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $3-4 \times 1-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 5 or 6 leaves near middle and many bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade elliptic or ellipticlanceolate, $3-15 \times 2-4$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acuminate, Raceme loosely 3-12-flowered, 4-12 cm; floral bracts narrowly lanceolate, ca. $15 \times 3-4$ mm, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, slightly arching, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 1.5-3 cm, glabrous. Flowers greenish or white. Dorsal sepal concave-hooded, ovate, $10-12 \times ca. 6 \text{ mm}$, 3-veined, apex acuminate; lateral sepals spreading, oblongovate. $11-13 \times ca. 6$ mm. 3-veined. apex acuminate. Petals deeply 2-lobed from base; lobes divergent, linear, 1.5-2 mm wide, margin ciliate; upper lobe erect, 14-16 mm; lower lobe ca. 20 mm; lip deeply 3-lobed above base; lobes linear, nearly equal in length and width, 15-20 × 1.5-2 mm, margin ciliate; spur pendulous, slightly bent forward, cylindric-clavate, 1.3-2.5 cm, thickened from middle to end, apex obtuse; stigmas oblong, ca. 2 mm. Fl. Jul-Sep.

Forests, along valleys; 300–1600 m. Anhui, N Fujian, Guangdong, Guangxi, Guizhou, Hunan, Jiangxi, Sichuan, SE Yunnan, Zhejiang [Vietnam].

22. Habenaria hosokawae Fukuyama, Bot. Mag. (Tokyo) 48: 297. 1934.

毛唇玉凤花 mao chun yu feng hua

Plants 35–40 cm tall. Stem with 5 or 6 leaves near middle and 3 or 4 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade oblanceolate or oblong, 5–8 × ca. 2 cm, apex acute. Raceme loosely 6-flowered, ca. 5 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, 5–8 × ca. 2 mm; ovary ca. 3 cm. Flowers nodding, greenish white. Dorsal sepal concave, lanceolate or oblanceolate, ca. 13 × 3.5–4 mm, 3veined; lateral sepals similar to dorsal sepal, but wider. Petals deeply 2-lobed, ca. 14 × 1.5 mm; lip deeply 3-lobed; mid-lobe linear, ca. 12 × 2 mm; lateral lobes longer than mid-lobe, apical margin densely pubescent; spur ca. 1.4 cm, apex dilated and deeply 2-lobed. Fl. Jul–Aug.

• 1000–1500 m. C and S Taiwan.

23. Habenaria medioflexa Turrill, Bull. Misc. Inform. Kew 1923: 118. 1923.

版纳玉凤花 ban na yu feng hua

Habenaria trichochila Rolfe ex Downie.

Plants 30–48 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $2.5-3 \times 1.5-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 4 or 5 leaves and 3–7 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade narrowly elliptic, oblong, or lanceolate, $5-15 \times 1.7-5$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme 9–18-flowered, 9–15 cm; floral bracts lanceolate to linear-lanceolate, 2–3 cm, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, arching, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 2.2–2.5 cm. Flowers with yellowish green sepals and white petals and lip. Dorsal sepal concave-hooded, ovate, ca. 6 \times 4 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals spreading, obliquely ovate, ca. 7 \times 5 mm, 3-veined, apex acute. Petals

forming a hood with dorsal sepal, linear, ca. 5×0.5 mm, 1veined, apex acuminate; lip spurred at base, 3-lobed above base; lateral lobes ca. 1.4 cm, divided into many filiform lobules; mid-lobe linear, ca. 1 cm, unlobed; spur pendulous, yellowish green, cylindric, to 3.5 cm, much longer than ovary, thickened and geniculate-curved near middle; stigmas globose. Fl. Sep.

Forests; 700-800 m. S Yunnan [Thailand, Vietnam].

24. Habenaria limprichtii Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. Beih. 4: 50. 1919.

宽药隔玉凤花 kuan yao ge yu feng hua

Habenaria oligoschista Schlechter; H. pectinata D. Don var. limprichtii (Schlechter) Pradhan; Kryptostoma limprichtii (Schlechter) Szlachetko & Olszewski; K. oligoschistum (Schlechter) Szlachetko & Olszewski; Ochyrorchis limprichtii (Schlechter) Szlachetko; O. oligoschista (Schlechter) Szlachetko.

Plants turning black when dried, 18-60 cm tall. Tubers ovoid-ellipsoid or oblong, $1.5-3 \times 1-1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 4-7 leaves. Leaf blade ovate to oblonglanceolate, $4-10 \times 1.5-3$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme loosely 3-20-flowered, 5-20 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, 3-4 × ca. 1 cm, apex acuminate, basal ones ca. as long as ovary; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 2-2.5 cm. Sepals green or whitish green, apical margin ciliate; dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, concave, ovateelliptic, $18-20 \times 9-10$ mm, 5-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, 19-21 × 9-10 mm, 5- or 6-veined, apex acute. Petals erect, white, obliquely oblong, falcate, 18-20 \times 5–7 mm, 3-veined, unlobed, margin ciliate; lip white, slightly longer than sepal, spurred at base, deeply 3-lobed above base; lobes nearly equal in length, hairy; lateral lobes linear, outer margins with 8–10 filiform lobules; mid-lobe linear, ca. 15×1 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, cylindric, 2-3 cm, ca. as long as or shorter than ovary, apex obtuse; connective very broad, 10-12 mm wide; pollinia ovoid; caudicles linear, slender; viscidia orbicular, small, rostellum with elongate arms; stigmas clavate. Fl. Jun-Aug.

Forests, thickets, grasslands; 1900–3500 m. W Hubei, Sichuan, NW to S Yunnan [Vietnam].

25. Habenaria pectinata D. Don, Prodr. Fl. Nepal. 24. 1825.

剑叶玉凤花 jian ye yu feng hua

Orchis pectinata Smith, Exot. Bot. 2: 77. 1806, not Thunberg (1794); Habenaria ensifolia Lindley; Kryptostoma pectinatum (D. Don) Szlachetko & Olszewski; Ochyrorchis ensifolia (Lindley) Szlachetko; O. pectinata (D. Don) Szlachetko.

Plants turning black when dried, 55–70 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $2-3 \times 1-1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, glabrous, with several tubular sheaths and many leaves. Leaf blade oblong to linear-lanceolate, $6-15 \times 1.5-2$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate. Raceme 6-13-flowered, 10-20 cm; floral bracts lanceolate to linear-lanceolate, 2.5-3.2 cm, much longer than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, slightly arching, terete, including pedicel 1.8-2 cm. Sepals greenish, 5-veined,

apical margin ciliate, apex often recurved; dorsal sepal erect, concave, lanceolate, ca. 17×5 mm, apex subacute; lateral sepals spreading, obliquely oblong, subfalcate, ca. 19×5 mm, apex acute. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, greenish or white, obliquely falcate, ca. 17×3 mm, adaxially \pm hairy, margin ciliate, unlobed, apex acute; lip white, slightly longer than sepal, spurred at base, deeply 3-lobed; lateral lobes linear, ca. 2 cm, outer margin with 6 or 7 filiform lobules; mid-lobe linear, ca. 1.8 cm; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 17-18 mm, slightly dilated toward apex; connective ca. 2 mm wide; pollinia narrowly ellipsoid; caudicles curved, slender; viscidia discoid; stigma thinly clavate. Fl. Aug. 2n = 42, 42 + 2B.

Forests; ca. 1800 m. S Yunnan [India, Nepal].

26. Habenaria davidii Franchet, Nouv. Arch. Mus. Hist. Nat., sér. 2, 10: 86. 1888 [*''davidi''*].

长距玉凤花 chang ju yu feng hua

Habenaria chloropecten Schlechter; H. leucopecten Schlechter; H. pectinata D. Don var. davidii (Franchet) Finet; Kryptostoma davidii (Franchet) Szlachetko & Olszewski; Ochyrorchis davidii (Franchet) Szlachetko.

Plants turning black when dried, 65-75 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $2-5 \times 0.8-1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, 4-6mm in diam., with 5-7 leaves. Leaf blade ovate, ovate-oblong, or oblong-lanceolate, $5-12 \times 1.5-4.5$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate. Raceme 4-15-flowered, 4-21 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, ca. 4.5 cm, apex acuminate, basal ones longer than ovary; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 2.5-3.5 cm. Sepals greenish or white, margin ciliate; dorsal sepal erect, oblong, concave, $15-18 \times 6-7$ mm, 5-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-lanceolate, $17-20 \times 6-8$ mm, 5-7-veined, apex acuminate. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, erect, white, obliquely lanceolate, subfalcate, $14-17 \times 3-$ 4 mm, 3-5-veined, margin ciliate, unlobed, apex subacute; lip white or vellowish, 2.5-3 cm, spurred at base, deeply 3-lobed above base; lobes linear, margin ciliate; lateral lobes 2-2.5 cm, outer margin with 7-10 filiform lobules, lobules usually branching; mid-lobe nearly as long as lateral lobe, apex acute; spur pendulous, curved inward, cylindric, 4.5-6.5 cm, longer than ovary, slightly dilated toward apex; connective ca. 4 mm wide; pollinia narrowly ellipsoid, ca. 4 mm; caudicles linear, ca. 5 mm; viscidia suborbicular, small; stigmas clavate, ca. 5 mm. Fl. Jun-Aug.

• Forests, thickets, grasslands; 600–3200 m. Guizhou, Hubei, Hunan, Sichuan, E and S Xizang, C and NW Yunnan.

27. Habenaria mairei Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. Beih. 4: 50. 1919.

棒距玉凤花 bang ju yu feng hua

Ochyrorchis mairei (Schlechter) Szlachetko.

Plants turning black when dried, 18–65 cm tall. Tubers oblong or ovoid, $1.5-2.5 \times 1-1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, robust, with 2 or 3 tubular sheaths and 5 or 6 leaves. Leaf blade elliptic-ligulate or oblong-lanceolate, $2.5-12 \times 1.5-4$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate. Raceme 4–19-flowered, 6–18 cm;

floral bracts elliptic-lanceolate, margin ciliate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 2-3 cm. Sepals yellowish green, margin ciliate; dorsal sepal erect, narrowly ovate, concave, $1.3-1.5 \times 0.6-0.7$ cm, 5-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals spreading, slightly oblique, ovate-lanceolate, $1.4-1.7 \times$ 0.5-0.6 cm, 5-veined, apex acute. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, erect, white, obliquely oblong, $1.3-1.5 \times ca. 0.4$ cm, 3-veined, margin ciliate, unlobed, apex obtuse; lip white or yellowish white, 20-25 mm, base spurred, deeply 3-lobed above base, lobes ciliate; lateral lobes linear, 19-22 mm, outer margin comblike, with 8-10 filiform lobules; mid-lobe linear, 18-20 mm; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 20-35 mm, ca. as long as or slightly shorter than ovary, thickened toward end; connective 4-5 mm wide; pollinia narrowly ellipsoid, ca. 4 mm; caudicles linear, ca. 4 mm; viscidia ovate, small; stigmas clavate. Fl. Jul-Aug.

• Forests, shrubby grasslands; 2400–3500 m. W Sichuan, SE Xizang, N Yunnan.

28. Habenaria yuana Tang & F. T. Wang, Bull. Fan Mem. Inst. Biol. Bot. 7: 135. 1936.

川滇玉凤花 chuan dian yu feng hua

Plants turning black when dried, 40-57 cm tall. Tubers oblong, ca. 2×1 cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 5 or 6 laxly arranged leaves. Leaf blade ovate or ovate-elliptic, 2.5-9 \times 2–4 cm, base amplexical, apex acute. Raceme 7–9-flowered, 10-12 cm; floral bracts elliptic-ovate, $2.5-3.5 \times 0.7-1.2$ cm, longer than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindricfusiform, including pedicel 2-2.5 cm. Flowers greenish, large. Dorsal sepal erect, oblong-elliptic, concave, $2-2.1 \times 1-1.1$ cm, 5-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals spreading, obliquely oblong, 2.1-2.2 × ca. 0.8 cm, 5-veined, apex acute. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, obliquely subovate-falcate, $2-2.1 \times$ ca. 0.8 cm, 5- or 6-veined, margin slightly ciliate, unlobed, apex obtuse; lip ca. 2.5 cm, base spurred, deeply 3-lobed above base, lobes ciliate; lateral lobes linear, 1.8-2 cm, outer margin with more than 10 filiform lobules; mid-lobe linear, 1.5-1.7 cm; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 1.4-2.5 cm, slightly dilated toward end, shorter than ovary; connective 12-15 mm wide; pollinia narrowly ellipsoid, ca. 3 mm; caudicles linear, ca. 5 mm; viscidia subglobose, small; stigmas clavate. Fl. Aug.

• Forests; 1800–2600 m. W Sichuan, S Yunnan.

29. Habenaria intermedia D. Don, Prodr. Fl. Nepal. 24. 1825.

大花玉凤花 da hua yu feng hua

Kryptostoma intermedium (D. Don) Olszewski & Szlachetko; *Ochyrorchis intermedia* (D. Don) Szlachetko.

Plants turning black when dried, 23–30 cm tall. Tubers ellipsoid, $1.5-3 \times 1-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 3–5 laxly arranged leaves. Leaf blade ovate-lanceolate, $3.5-8 \times 2-4$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acute. Raceme 1–4-flowered, 6–15 cm; floral bracts ovate, 4–5 cm, nearly as long as ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 3.8–4.5 cm. Flowers white or greenish. Sepals ciliate; dorsal sepal erect, ovate-oblong, concave, ca. 2.2×1.2 cm, 7-veined, apex acute; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely falcate-lanceolate, ca. 3×0.6

cm, 7-veined, apex acute. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, erect, white, obliquely subovate-falcate, ca. 2.2×0.8 cm, 5-veined, margin ciliate, unlobed, apex acute; lip 2.8-3 cm, base spurred, deeply 3-lobed above base, lobes ciliate; lateral lobes linear, outer margin with 10 filiform lobules; mid-lobe linear, 18–20 mm, slightly shorter than lateral lobes, apex acute; spur pendulous, cylindric, 7–8.5 cm, much longer than ovary, slightly dilated near end, apex obtuse; connective ca. 2 mm wide; pollinia ovoid; caudicles linear; viscidia orbicular, small; rostellum with elongate arms; stigmas clavate. Fl. Jul. 2n = 42.

Forests; 2600-3000 m. S Xizang [India, Kashmir, Nepal].

30. Habenaria arietina J. D. Hooker, Fl. Brit. India 6: 138. 1890.

毛瓣玉凤花 mao ban yu feng hua

Habenaria intermedia D. Don var. arietina (J. D. Hooker) Finet; *H. pectinata* D. Don var. arietina (J. D. Hooker) Kraenzlin; *Ochyrorchis arietina* (J. D. Hooker) Szlachetko.

Plants turning black when dried, 57-65 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $3-5 \times 1-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, robust, with 5-7 laxly arranged leaves. Leaf blade ovate-lanceolate or oblonglanceolate, $5.5-10 \times 2-3$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate. Raceme densely many (more than 5-) flowered, to 30 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, 1.8-2 cm, nearly as long as ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 3-3.5 cm. Flowers white or greenish white. Sepals 5-veined, ciliate; dorsal sepal erect, oblong, concave, ca. 19×6 mm, apex acute; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely falcate-lanceolate, ca. 20×6 mm, apex acute. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, obliquely subovate-falcate, ca. 19 × 8 mm, 5-veined, adaxially pubescent, margin ciliate, unlobed; lip ca. 3 cm, base spurred, deeply 3-lobed above base; lobes linear, nearly equal in length, ciliate; lateral lobes ca. 2.2 cm, outer margin with 10 filiform lobules; mid-lobe ca. 2 mm wide; spur pendulous, cylindricclavate, 3.5-4 cm, ca. as long as or slightly longer than ovary, slightly dilated below middle, apex obtuse; connective 3.5-4 mm wide; pollinia ovoid; caudicles linear; viscidia orbicular, small; rostellum with elongate arms; stigmas clavate. Fl. Aug. 2n = 21, 42, 46, 48, 56.

Grassy slopes; 2300-2400 m. SE Xizang [Bhutan, India, Nepal].

31. Habenaria commelinifolia (Roxburgh) Wallich ex Lindley, Gen. Sp. Orchid. Pl. 325. 1835.

斧萼玉凤花 fu e yu feng hua

Orchis commelinifolia Roxburgh, Fl. Ind., ed. 1832, 3: 451. 1832 ["commelinaefolia"].

Plants 60–75 cm tall. Tubers ellipsoid, $5-8 \times 3-5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, stout, with 4–6 well-spaced leaves and several bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade narrowly oblong-lanceolate to linear-lanceolate, 7–15 × 1.5–2.5 cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acuminate. Raceme many flowered, 9–11 cm; floral bracts linear-lanceolate, ca. as long as or longer than flowers, margin ciliate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, slender, including pedicel 3–4 cm. Flowers white. Dorsal sepal concave-hooded, broadly obovate, ca. 7 × 9 mm, 5veined, apex acute; lateral sepals reflexed, strongly oblique, axe-shaped, ca. 7 mm, strongly dilated toward apex and ca. 13 mm wide, with 3 strongly curved veins. Petals connivent with dorsal sepal, obliquely oblong, subfalcate, ca. 6.5×4 mm, 2-veined, apex acute or obtuse; lip ca. 4 cm, with linear base 4–6 mm, then deeply 3-lobed, lobes filiform-linear; lateral lobes 2.5–3.2 cm; mid-lobe pendulous, 1.8–2.2 cm, slightly wider than lateral lobes; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 5–8 cm, slender, near apex dilated, with a bristle projection on front margin of mouth; pollinia ellipsoid; caudicles linear; viscidia orbicular; stigmas clavate. Fl. Aug. 2n = 42.

Forests; 900-1200 m. SW Yunnan [India, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand, Vietnam].

32. Habenaria austrosinensis Tang & F. T. Wang, Bull. Fan Mem. Inst. Biol. Bot. 7: 134. 1936.

薄叶玉凤花 bao ye yu feng hua

Plants 30–60 cm tall. Tubers narrowly ellipsoid, $3-5 \times 1-3$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, pubescent, with 3-5 leaves below middle and 9-13 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade narrowly elliptic to oblong-oblanceolate, $13-25 \times 2.5-6$ cm, relatively thin, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acuminate. Raceme many flowered, 9-14 cm; rachis pubescent; floral bracts lanceolate, ca. 15 mm, shorter than ovary, ciliate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, pubescent, including pedicel 15-27 mm. Flowers white. Dorsal sepal concave-hooded, broadly ovate, ca. 3.5×5 mm, abaxially pubescent, 3-veined, apex acute; lateral sepals reflexed, strongly obliquely triangular, ca. 5 mm, toward apex strongly dilated and ca. 8 mm wide, with 3 strongly curved veins. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, obliquely linear, ca. 4×1 mm, 1veined, apex obtuse; lip longer than sepals, above base deeply 3-lobed; lobes similar, linear, ca. 8 mm; spur curving upward above ovary, cylindric-clavate, 20-22 mm, ca. as long as or slightly shorter than ovary, apex dilated; connective narrow; stigmas elliptic, ca. 1 mm. Fl. Jul-Aug.

Damp places in forests along valleys; 700-1400 m. S Yunnan [Thailand].

33. Habenaria ciliolaris Kraenzlin, Bot. Jahrb. Syst. 16: 169. 1892.

毛葶玉凤花 mao ting yu feng hua

Habenaria kweitschuensis Schlechter.

Plants 25–60 cm tall. Tubers narrowly ellipsoid or oblong, 3–5 × 1.5–2.5 cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 5 or 6 leaves near middle and 5–10 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade elliptic-lanceolate, obovate-spatulate, or narrowly elliptic, 5–16 × 2–5 cm, base contracted and amplexicaul, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme 6–30-flowered, 9–23 cm; peduncle and rachis ridged, ridges villous; floral bracts ovate, 13–15 mm, shorter than ovary, ciliate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindricfusiform, denticulate-ridged, including pedicel 23–25 mm. Flowers white or greenish white, rarely tinged with pink. Dorsal sepal forming a concave hood with petals, saccate, broadly ovate, 6–9 × 5.5–8 mm, abaxially 3-keeled, 5-veined, toward apical margin ciliate; lateral sepals reflexed, strongly oblique, ovate, 6.5–10 × 4–7 mm, 3- or 4-veined, apex acute. Petals obliquely lanceolate, 6–7 × 2–3 mm, unlobed, 1-veined, apex acuminate; lip longer than sepals, deeply 3-lobed from base; lobes parallel, filiform; lateral lobes 20–22 mm; mid-lobe pendulous, 16–18 mm; spur pendulous, curved, cylindric-clavate, 21–27 mm, slightly longer or shorter than ovary, dilated toward end, apex obtuse; stigmas oblong, ca. 1.5 mm. Fl. Jul–Sep.

Shaded places in forests or along valleys; 100–1800 m. N Fujian, SE Gansu, Guangdong, Guangxi, Guizhou, Hainan, Hubei, Hunan, Jiangxi, Sichuan, Taiwan, S Yunnan, Zhejiang [Vietnam].

34. Habenaria hystrix Ames, Orchidaceae 2: 35. 1908.

粤琼玉凤花 yue qiong yu feng hua

Plants 28–45 cm tall. Tubers oblong, ca. 3×1 cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 5 or 6 leaves below middle and 5-8 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade narrowly elliptic or oblong, $9-16 \times 3-5$ cm, base contracted and amplexicaul, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme 6-10-flowered, 8-11 cm; peduncle and rachis ridged, ridges villous; floral bracts ovate, ca. 1.5 cm, shorter than ovary, ciliate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, slightly ridged, including pedicel ca. 18 mm. Flowers white or greenish white. Dorsal sepal forming a concave hood with petals, broadly ovate, ca. $6 \times 6-6.5$ mm, 3veined; lateral sepals reflexed, strongly oblique, ovate, ca. 7×6 mm, 3-veined, apex acute. Petals obliquely triangular-lanceolate, ca. 6×2 mm, simple, 1-veined, apex long acuminate; lip longer than sepals, deeply 3-lobed from base; lobes parallel, filiform; lateral lobes 20-22 mm; mid-lobe 20-24 mm, base with 1 obtusely conic callus; spur spreading horizontally, cylindric-clavate, 16-20 mm, ca. as long as ovary, slightly dilated toward apex; stigmas narrowly elliptic, ca. 1.5 mm. Fl. Aug-Sep. 2n = 42.

Forests, along valleys; 300-400 m. Guangdong, W Hainan [Indonesia (Kalimantan), Philippines].

35. Habenaria fordii Rolfe, Bull. Misc. Inform. Kew 1896: 202. 1896.

线瓣玉凤花 xian ban yu feng hua

Plants 30–60 cm tall. Tubers narrowly elliptic, $3-4 \times 2-3$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, stout, base with 4 or 5 ± tufted leaves and above leaves several bractlike leaflets. Leaf blade oblong-lanceolate or narrowly elliptic, $14-25 \times 3-6$ cm, base contracted and amplexicaul, apex acute. Raceme many flowered, 8–16 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, 2–4 cm, apex acute or acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 1.5–2 cm. Flowers white. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, broadly ovate, concave, 1.3-1.5 cm; lateral sepals spreading or reflexed, obliquely subovate, $14-16 \times 6-7$ mm. Petals linear-lanceolate, 1.3-1.5 cm, apex acute; lip 2.3-2.5 cm, narrow, below middle deeply 3-lobed; lobes linear, 1.5-1.7 cm; lateral lobes filiform, narrower and slightly longer than linear mid-lobe; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, slightly thickened toward end, 3-6 cm. Fl. Jul–Aug.

• Damp places or soil-covered rocks in forests or along valleys; 600–2200 m. Guangdong, Guangxi, S Yunnan.

36. Habenaria acuifera Wallich ex Lindley, Gen. Sp. Orchid. Pl. 325. 1835.

凸孔坡参 tu kong po shen

Habenaria loloorum Schlechter.

Plants 14-38 cm tall. Tubers oblong or narrowly ellipsoid, $2.5-4 \times 1-2.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, glabrous, with 3 or 4 leaves and many bractlike leaflets. Leaf blade oblong or oblong-lanceolate, $4-12 \times 1-1.5$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme 8-20-flowered. 3-8 cm: floral bracts lanceolate, basal ones 1.5–1.7 cm, longer than ovary, ciliate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 15-18 mm. Flowers yellow, small. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, broadly ovate, concave, $3-4.5 \times 3-3.5$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-elliptic, 5- 6×3.5 -4 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse. Petals obliquely oblong. $3-4 \times 1.8-2$ mm, 1-veined, unlobed; lip 9-10 mm, spurred at base, with a cupular structure near mouth of spur, spreading, 3lobed from base; lateral lobes subulate, 1.5-3.5 mm; mid-lobe straight, linear, $7-8 \times ca$. 1 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 10-17 mm, shorter than ovary, near middle geniculate-curved, slightly thickened from middle to apex: connective narrow; pollinia narrowly ellipsoid; caudicles linear, longer than pollinia; viscidia orbicular, small; stigmas suberect, exserted along both sides of spur mouth, oblong, 2-2.5 mm. Fl. Jun-Aug. 2n = 42 + 0 - 2B.

Forests, thickets, grasslands; 200–2000 m. Guangxi, SW and W Sichuan, Yunnan [NE India, Laos, Malaysia (Peninsular), Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam].

37. Habenaria linguella Lindley, Gen. Sp. Orchid. Pl. 325. 1835.

坡参 po shen

Centrochilus gracilis Schauer; Habenaria acuifera Lindley var. linguella (Lindley) Finet; H. chrysantha Schlechter; H. endothrix Miquel; H. simeonis Kraenzlin.

Plants 20–50(–75) cm tall. Tubers $3-5 \times 1-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, glabrous, with 3 or 4 leaves and 3-9 bractlike leaflets. Leaf blade narrowly oblong to narrowly oblong-lanceolate, $5-12(-27) \times 1.2-2$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate. Raceme densely 9-20-flowered, 2.5-6 cm; floral bracts linear-lanceolate, 1.2-2.5 cm, ciliate; ovary twisted, cylindricfusiform, including pedicel 1.8-2.3 cm. Flowers yellow or brownish yellow. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, broadly elliptic, concave, $4-5 \times 3-3.5$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, oblique, broadly obovate, $6-7 \times 4-4.5$ mm, 3- or 4-veined, apex obtuse or subacute. Petals oblique, narrowly ovate or obliquely narrowly elliptic, $4-5 \times$ 2-2.5 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse; lip 9-10 mm, spurred at base, with a ring-shaped rim at mouth of spur, 3-lobed from base; lateral lobes subulate, 1.5-2.75 mm, apex acuminate; mid-lobe linear, 8-9 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, cylindric, 2-2.9 cm, longer than ovary, slender, slightly thickened toward end, 1-1.5 mm in diam., apex obtuse; connective narrow; pollinia narrowly obovoid; caudicles linear, longer than pollinia; viscidia ovate; stigmas oblong, ca. 1.5 mm. Fl. Jun-Aug.

Forests, grasslands; 500–2500 m. Guangdong, Guangxi, Guizhou, Hainan, Yunnan [Vietnam].

38. Habenaria rostellifera H. G. Reichenbach, Otia Bot. Hamburg. 2: 34. 1878.

齿片坡参 chi pian po shen

Habenaria hancockii Rolfe.

Plants 17–40 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $2-5 \times 1-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, glabrous, with 4 or 5 leaves and 5-9 bractlike leaflets. Leaf blade narrowly elliptic or oblong to oblong-lanceolate, $5-10 \times 1-2$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate. Raceme densely many flowered, 3.5-6 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, 2-2.5 cm, ciliate, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 1.8-1.9 cm. Flowers white, lateral sepals with brown markings. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, broadly elliptic, concave, ca. 6×4 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely elliptic, ca. 9×4.5 mm, 4-veined. Petals oblique, narrowly ovate or narrowly elliptic, ca. 6 × 3 mm, 3-veined, unlobed, apical margin ciliate; lip spurred at base, with a 3-toothed, subcylindric lamella near mouth of spur, deeply 3-lobed from base, lobes linear; lateral lobes divaricate, 6-8 × ca. 1 mm, attenuate toward apex; mid-lobe ca. 10 × 2 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 2-2.2 cm, slightly longer than ovary, apical half slightly dilated, apex obtuse; connective relatively narrow; pollinia narrowly ellipsoid; caudicles linear, longer than pollinia; viscidium elliptic, small; stigmas oblong, ca. 2.5 mm. Fl. Jul-Aug.

Grassy slopes; 1000–2200 m. C Guizhou, C, NW, and SE Yunnan [Cambodia, Malaysia (Peninsular), Thailand, Vietnam].

39. Habenaria rostrata Lindley, Gen. Sp. Orchid. Pl. 325. 1835.

喙房坡参 hui fang po shen

Habenaria acuifera Lindley var. rostrata (Lindley) Finet.

Plants 20–30 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $2-3 \times 0.8-1$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, glabrous, with 4 or 5 leaves and 4-8 bractlike leaflets. Leaf blade oblong or oblong-lanceolate, 5-10 \times 0.7–1 cm, base amplexicaul, apex acute. Raceme many flowered, sometimes nearly corymbiform, 4-6 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, shorter than ovary, ciliate, apex aristate; ovary twisted, arching, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 15-16 mm. Flowers reddish orange, with greenish sepals. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, broadly elliptic, concave, ca. 4.5×3 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-elliptic, ca. 6.5×4 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse. Petals obliquely broadly oblong, falcate, ca. 4.5 × 2 mm, 1-veined, margin ciliate, apex obtuse; lip ca. 10 mm, spurred at base, with a 3-lobed, ring-shaped structure near mouth of spur, shortly 3lobed, lobes linear; lateral lobes extremely bifid, ca. 7×0.6 mm, apex acuminate; mid-lobe ca. 8 × 1 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, 11-12 mm, slightly shorter than ovary, slightly dilated toward apex; connective narrow; pollinia ellipsoid; caudicles linear, slender; viscidia linear; stigmas oblong, ca. 2 mm. Fl. Jul-Aug.

Forests, forest margins, thickets; 900–2000 m. S Sichuan, C and S Yunnan [Laos, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam].

40. Habenaria rhodocheila Hance, Ann. Sci. Nat., Bot., sér. 5, 5: 243. 1866.

橙黄玉凤花 cheng huang yu feng hua

Smithanthe rhodocheila (Hance) Szlachetko & Margońska.

Plants 8–35 cm tall. Tubers oblong-cylindric, $2-4 \times 1-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 4-6 leaves below middle and 1-3 bractlike leaflets above leaves. Leaf blade linearlanceolate to suboblong, $10-15 \times 1.5-2$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate. Raceme loosely 2-10-flowered, 3-8 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, 1.5-1.7 cm, shorter than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 2-3 cm. Flowers with green sepals and petals and orange-yellow to red lip. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, suborbicular, concave, ca. 9 × 8 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, oblong, $9-10 \times ca. 5 \text{ mm}$, 5-veined, apex obtuse. Petals spatulate-linear, ca. 8×2 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse; lip spreading, ovate in outline, $1.8-2 \times ca$. 1.5 cm, 4-lobed, with short claw at base, spurred; lateral lobes spreading, oblong, ca. 7 × 5 mm, apex obtuse; mid-lobe bilobed, lobules nearly subovate, ca. 4×3 mm, apex obliquely truncate; spur pendulous, dull yellow, cylindric, $2-3 \text{ cm} \times \text{ca. 1 mm}$, apex often upcurved; rostellum deltoid, large, with elongated arms; stigmas clavate. Capsule fusiform, ca. 1.5 cm, apex beaked. Fl. Jul-Aug, fr. Oct–Nov. 2n = 38, 42.

Shaded places or soil-covered rocks in forests or along valleys; 300–1500 m. Fujian, Guangdong, Guangxi, Guizhou, Hainan, Hunan, Jiangxi [Cambodia, Laos, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam].

41. Habenaria malintana (Blanco) Merrill, Sp. Blancoan. 112. 1918.

南方玉凤花 nan fang yu feng hua

Thelymitra malintana Blanco, Fl. Filip. 642. 1837; Habenaria dentata (Swartz) Schlechter f. ecalcarata (King & Pantling) Tuyama; H. dentata subsp. ecalcarata (King & Pantling) Panigrahi & Murti; H. dentata var. ecalcarata (King & Pantling) Handel-Mazzetti; H. geniculata D. Don var. ecalcarata King & Pantling; Kraenzlinorchis malintana (Blanco) Szlachetko.

Plants 40–55 cm tall. Tubers ellipsoid, $2-4 \times 1.5-2.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, with 3 or 4 leaves and 5 or 6 bractlike leaflets. Leaf blade oblong or oblong-lanceolate, 6–13 × 1.5–4.5 cm, base amplexicaul, apex acute or acuminate. Raceme densely more than 10-flowered; floral bracts narrowly lanceolate, ca. 2 cm, margin ciliate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 2–2.5 cm. Flowers white, ca. 1.5 cm in diam. Sepals subsimilar, oblong-lanceolate to ovate-lanceolate, 11–13 × 3–5 mm, 3-veined, margin finely ciliate, apex acute; lateral sepals spreading, slightly oblique. Petals narrowly oblong-lanceolate, $7-8 \times ca$. 2 mm, 1- or rarely 3-veined, unlobed, margin finely ciliate, apex acuminate; lip ligulate-lanceolate, 11–12 mm, margin finely ciliate, usually unlobed, with very small lateral lobes on both basal sides, spurless or rarely with a short spur 2–8 mm. Fl. Oct–Nov. 2n = 42, 84, 168.

Forests, grasslands; 500-1300 m. S Guangxi, Hainan, SW Si-

chuan, W to SE Yunnan, N Zhejiang [India, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam].

42. Habenaria finetiana Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. Beih. 4: 126. 1919.

齿片玉凤花 chi pian yu feng hua

Habenaria geniculata D. Don var. yunnanensis (Finet) Finet; H. miersiana Champion ex Bentham var. yunnanensis Finet; H. peyentsinensis Kraenzlin; H. tienensis Tang & F. T. Wang; Plantaginorchis finetiana (Schlechter) Szlachetko.

Plants 9–25 cm tall. Tubers oblong, 1.5–2 cm × 8–10 mm, fleshy. Stem erect, glabrous, below middle with 2 or 3 leaves, with 1-4 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade cordate or ovate, $2.5-5 \times 1.8-3.5$ cm, with white margin when dried, apex acute. Raceme 2-8-flowered, 3-5 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, ca. 2 cm, nearly as long as ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 1.8-2 cm. Flowers white, sometimes secund. Sepal and petal margins ciliate; dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, ovate or elliptic, concave, ca. 8×5 mm, 5-veined, apex acute; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, 9- $10 \times ca.5$ mm, 5-veined, apex acute. Petals linear, subfalcate, ca. 6×2 mm, 1-veined, unlobed, apex obtuse; lip broadly obovate, ca. 12 × 10 mm, 3-lobed; lateral lobes rhombic, ca. 4 mm wide, margins serrate; mid-lobe ligulate, ca. 4 × 2 mm, slightly longer than lateral lobes, apex subobtuse; spur pendulous, cylindric, 17-20 mm, slightly shorter than or nearly as long as ovary, apex slightly dilated, obtuse, slightly curved; stigmas oblong. Fl. Aug–Oct. $2n = 64^*$.

 \bullet Forests, grasslands; 2000–3500 m. W Sichuan, C and NW Yunnan.

43. Habenaria dentata (Swartz) Schlechter, Repert. Spec. Nov. Regni Veg. Beih. 4: 125. 1919.

鹅毛玉凤花 e mao yu feng hua

Orchis dentata Swartz, Kongl. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. 21: 207. 1800; Habenaria dentata var. tohoensis (Hayata) S. S. Ying; H. geniculata D. Don; H. miersiana Champion ex Bentham; H. tohoensis Hayata; Plantaginorchis dentata (Swartz) Szlachetko; Platanthera dentata (Swartz) Lindley; P. geniculata (D. Don) Lindley.

Plants 35-87 cm tall. Tubers oblong-ovoid to oblong, 2-5 \times 1–3 cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, loosely with 3–5 leaves and several bractlike leaflets. Leaf blade oblong to narrowly elliptic, $5-15 \times 1.5-4$ cm, base amplexicaul, margin white when dried, apex acute or acuminate. Raceme often many flowered, 5-12 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, 2-3 cm, basal ones ca. as long as ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 2-3 cm. Flowers white. Sepals and petals ciliate; dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, broadly ovate, concave, $10-13 \times 7-8$ mm, 5-veined, apex acute; lateral sepals spreading or reflexed, obliquely ovate, 14-16 mm, 5veined, apex acute. Petals falcate-lanceolate, $8-9 \times 2-2.5$ mm, 2-veined, unlobed; lip broadly obovate, $15-18 \times 12-16$ mm, 3lobed; lateral lobes subrhombic or flabellate, 7-8 mm wide, apical margin serrate; mid-lobe linear-lanceolate or ligulate-lanceolate, 5-7 × 1.5-3 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, green below middle, cylindric-clavate, 3.5–4 cm, longer than ovary, somewhat geniculate in basal half, slightly curved, gradually dilated toward end, apex obtuse, with conspicuously raised structure surrounding mouth; stigmas oblong. Fl. Aug–Oct. 2n = 64.

Forests on slopes or along valleys; 200–2300 m. Anhui, N Fujian, Guangdong, Guangxi, Guizhou, Hubei, Hunan, Jiangxi, Sichuan, Taiwan, Xizang, Yunnan, Zhejiang [Cambodia, India, Japan, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand, Vietnam].

44. Habenaria lucida Wallich ex Lindley, Gen. Sp. Orchid. Pl. 319. 1835.

细花玉凤花 xi hua yu feng hua

Habenaria dilatata (Pursh) Hooker subsp. lucida (Wallich ex Lindley) S. S. Ying; *H. longiracema* Fukuyama; *H. recurva* Rolfe ex Downie var. *erectiflora* Tang & F. T. Wang; *Habenella lucida* (Wallich ex Lindley) Szlachetko & Kras-Lapinska; *Hetaeria taiwaniana* S. S. Ying; *Peristylus longiracemus* (Fukuyama) K. Y. Lang; *Platantheroides lucida* (Wallich ex Lindley) Szlachetko; *Rhomboda taiwaniana* (S. S. Ying) Ormerod.

Plants 40–61 cm tall. Tubers oblong or ellipsoid, $3-5 \times 1-$ 3 cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, slender, with $4-6 \pm$ clustered leaves and 3-6 bractlike leaflets. Leaf blade oblanceolate, subspatulate, or oblong-lanceolate, $8-18 \times 2.5-4.5$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acute or acuminate. Raceme 25-43-flowered, 15-23 cm; floral bracts lanceolate to ovate-lanceolate, 8–10 \times 3–4 mm, shorter than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric, including pedicel 16-18 mm. Sepals green, 3-veined; dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, ovate, concave, $3.5-4 \times 2.5-3$ mm, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate or ovate-oblong, $4-4.5 \times ca$. 2.5 mm, apex obtuse. Petals yellow, narrowly ovate-oblong, 3- $3.5 \times ca. 1.5 \text{ mm}$, 2-veined, apex obtuse; lip yellow, ca. 5 mm, thickly textured, 3-lobed from base; lobes narrowly oblong; lateral lobes reflexed, $3-4.5 \times 1-1.5$ mm, apex obtuse; mid-lobe suberect, $3.5-4.5 \times 1-1.5$ mm, apex adnate to tip of hood formed by dorsal sepal and petals; spur cylindric, ca. 21×1 mm, slender; connective narrow; pollinia ovoid; viscidia lanceolate, ca. 1.2 mm. Fl. Jul–Sep. 2n = 42.

Forests; 400–1200 m. Guangdong, Hainan, Taiwan, S Yunnan [Cambodia, E India, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam].

45. Habenaria shweliensis W. W. Smith & Banerji, Rec. Bot. Surv. India 6: 33. 1913.

中缅玉凤花 zhong mian yu feng hua

Habenaria crassilabia Kraenzlin.

Plants 35–50 cm tall. Tubers ellipsoid, $2.5-3 \times 1.2-2$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, with 4 or 5(–7) somewhat clustered leaves below and 3 to many bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade elliptic, elliptic-lanceolate, lanceolate, or oblong, $5-10 \times 1.8-4$ cm, thinly textured, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acute. Raceme loosely 14–30-flowered, 10–15 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, $1.5-2 \times 0.3-0.4$ cm, longer than flowers, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, slightly arching, cylindric, 1-1.2 cm. Flowers spreading horizontally, yellowish green. Sepals green, 3-veined; dorsal sepal broadly ovate, concave, $3-4 \times 10^{-15}$ cm.

2.8–3 mm, apex obtuse; lateral sepals spreading, obliquely ovate, concave, $3-4 \times 2.5-2.8$ mm, apex obtuse. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, erect, yellow, obliquely ovate, 2.8–3.5 × ca. 2 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse or emarginate; lip yellowish green, thickly textured, ca. 4 mm, 3-lobed from base; lateral lobes pendulous, narrowly oblong, ca. 3×1 mm, apex obtuse, reflexed; mid-lobe suberect, narrowly ovate-lanceolate, ca. 3×2 mm, apex adnate to tip of hood formed by dorsal sepal and petals; spur pendulous, slightly curved, cylindric-clavate, 3–6 mm, shorter than ovary, conspicuously dilated toward apex; connective narrow; pollinia ovoid; viscidia linear-oblong, ca. 0.8 mm. Fl. Jul–Sep.

Grassy slopes; 1300-2000 m. SW Guizhou, N Yunnan [Myanmar].

46. Habenaria iyoensis Ohwi, J. Jap. Bot. 12: 382. 1936.

岩坡玉凤花 yan po yu feng hua

Habenaria minor Fukuyama & Masamune; *H. rupestris* T. P. Lin & T. W. Hu.

Plants 15–40 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $2-4 \times 1-1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, with 5-7 tufted leaves at base and 2 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade narrowly elliptic or broadly oblanceolate, $8-10 \times 1.8-2$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acute. Raceme densely many flowered, 8-10 cm; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, $8-12 \times ca$. 3 mm, basal ones nearly as long as ovary; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 8-12 mm. Flowers greenish. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, broadly ovate, concave, 5-6 \times 3.8–4 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate, $5-6 \times 2.2-3$ mm, 3-veined, apex acute. Petals narrowly falcate-lanceolate, $5-6 \times ca$. 2 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse; lip spurred, deeply 3-lobed above base; lateral lobes spreading, almost at right angles to mid-lobe, filiform, 7-15 mm; mid-lobe linear, 7-9 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, slightly curved, cylindric, 11-20 mm, longer than ovary, apex obtuse; connective rather broad; stigmas oblong. Fl. Sep-Oct. 2n = 42.

Rocky slopes, sparse forests; below 700 m. C and S Taiwan [S Japan].

47. Habenaria viridiflora (Rottler ex Swartz) R. Brown, Prodr. 312. 1810.

绿花玉凤花 lü hua yu feng hua

Orchis viridiflora Rottler ex Swartz, Kongl. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. 21: 206. 1800.

Plants 13–20 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $1.5-2 \times 0.8-1$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, slender, rigid, glabrous, base with 4 or 5 leaves, with 4 or 5 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade linear, $5-10 \times 0.4-0.6$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme several to more than 10-flowered, 2–4 cm, glabrous; floral bracts ovate-lanceolate, ca. 4 mm, much shorter than ovary, apex long acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, slender, including pedicel ca. 1 cm. Flowers yellowish green, small, glabrous. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, ovate, concave, ca. 2×1.3 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate-oblong, ca. 2.8×1.3 mm, 3-veined, apex ob-

tuse. Petals obliquely ovate, ca. 2×1.1 mm, 1-veined, apex acute; lip ca. 3.2 mm, fleshy, near base deeply 3-lobed; lobes linear, apex obtuse; lateral lobes perpendicular to mid-lobe, often ca. 2 mm; mid-lobe ca. 3 mm; spur pendulous, cylindric, to 1.6 cm, much longer than ovary, slender; pollinia obovoid; caudicles short; stigmas clavate. Fl. Jun. 2n = 42, 44, 84.

Forests. N Guangxi [Cambodia, India, Laos, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Vietnam].

48. Habenaria plurifoliata Tang & F. T. Wang, Bull. Fan Mem. Inst. Biol. Bot. 10: 40. 1940.

莲座玉凤花 lian zuo yu feng hua

Plants 28-33 cm tall. Tubers cylindric-oblong, ca. 2.5 cm × 8 mm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, ca. 3 mm in diam., with 1 or 2 tubular sheaths at base, with (4-)6-10 leaves \pm in a rosette and many bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade linear-lanceolate, $7-9 \times 0.8-1.1$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acute or acuminate. Raceme 10-25-flowered, 6-17 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, basal ones nearly as long as ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, terete, including pedicel 8-12 mm. Flowers yellowish green or white. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, broadly ovate, concave, ca. 5×2.9 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, narrowly ovate, ca. 6×2.4 mm, 2-veined, apex subobtuse. Petals obliquely ovate-ligulate, falcate, ca. 4.5×1.2 mm, 1-veined, apex acute; lip deeply 3-lobed from base; lateral lobes spreading at right angles to mid-lobe, filiform, ca. 14 mm; mid-lobe linear, ca. 7 mm, wider than lateral lobes; spur pendulous, cylindric-clavate, ca. 14 mm, longer than ovary, slender, apical half ca. 1.4 mm in diam., slightly thickened toward end, apex acute or obtuse; connective wide; stigmas clavate. Fl. Oct.

• Forests, along rivers; 700–1600 m. S Guangxi, S Yunnan.

49. Habenaria tonkinensis Seidenfaden, Dansk Bot. Ark. 31(3): 114. 1977.

丛叶玉凤花 cong ye yu feng hua

Plants 24–40 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $3-4 \times 1-1.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, stout, glabrous, with $10-13 \pm clus$ tered leaves at base and 5-13 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade linear to linear-lanceolate, $7-13 \times 0.8-1.5$ cm, base contracted, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme many flowered, 11-21 cm; floral bracts lanceolate to ovate-lanceolate, 13-17 mm, apex long acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 13-15 mm. Flowers fragrant, white. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, elliptic, concave, ca. $5 \times 3-3.5$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely elliptic, ca. $6 \times 2.5-3$ mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse. Petals linear, slightly oblique, ca. 5×1 mm, 1-veined, apex acute; lip deeply 3-lobed from base; lobes linear, base ca. 0.5 mm wide; lateral lobes spreading nearly at right angles to midlobe, 10-11 mm; mid-lobe 7-8 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous, slightly curved, cylindric-clavate, ca. 17 mm, longer than ovary, thickened toward end; pollinia obovoid; caudicles slender; viscidia orbicular, small; stigmas clavate. Fl. Sep-Oct.

Broad-leaved forests; 600–1200 m. S Guangxi (Dongxing), S Yunnan [Cambodia, Laos, N Vietnam].

50. Habenaria fulva Tang & F. T. Wang, Bull. Fan Mem. Inst. Biol. Bot. 7: 138. 1936.

褐黄玉凤花 he huang yu feng hua

Plants 21–40 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $1-2 \text{ cm} \times 5-10 \text{ mm}$, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, glabrous, with 3-5 leaves below middle, with 3-10 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade oblong-lanceolate, $4-8 \times 0.6-1.8$ cm, base amplexicaul, apex acute. Raceme densely many flowered, ca. 6 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, ca. as long as or longer than flower, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, including pedicel 8-10 mm. Flowers yellow or yellowish brown. Dorsal sepal erect, narrowly ovate, concave, 6.5-8 × 3.5-4 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals obliquely oblong-lanceolate, ca. 9 × 3 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse. Petals forming a hood with dorsal sepal, falcatelanceolate, ca. 8 × 2.5 mm, oblique, 2-veined, apex acuminate; lip ca. 1 cm, deeply 3-lobed from base; lobes similar, linear; mid-lobe slightly longer and wider than lateral lobes; spur pendulous, straight, cylindric, 3-5 mm, apex obtuse; stigmas arching, cylindric. Fl. Aug-Sep.

Forests; 900-1000 m. SW Guangxi, S Yunnan [Myanmar].

51. Habenaria marginata Colebrooke in Hooker, Exot. Fl. 2: ad t. 136. 1824.

滇南玉凤花 dian nan yu feng hua

Platanthera marginata (Colebrooke) Lindley.

Plants 8-37 cm tall. Tubers ellipsoid or narrowly ellipsoid, $2-4 \times 1-2.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, glabrous, with 1 or 2 tubular sheaths at base, 3-5 leaves below middle, and 3-5 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade narrowly oblong or oblonglanceolate, $4-9 \times 1-2$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, margin yellow when dried, apex acuminate or subobtuse. Raceme 3-15-flowered, 2.5-10 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, apex long acuminate; ovary twisted, arching, cylindricfusiform, including pedicel 8-13 mm. Sepals green, petals and lip yellow. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, cordate or broadly ovate, concave, $7-7.5 \times 5-6$ mm, 3-veined, apex acute; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely ovate or narrowly ovate-oblong, 7.5-8.5 × 2.5-3.5 mm, 3-veined, apex acute. Petals obliquely ovate-triangular, 6.5-7.3 × 3-3.8 mm, 2veined, apex acute; lip spreading, 11-13 mm, deeply 3-lobed above base; lateral lobes spreading at acute angles to mid-lobe, linear or linear-lanceolate, $7-8 \times 1-1.4$ mm; mid-lobe ligulate, $8-9 \times 2-2.3$ mm; spur pendulous, clavate, 8-13 mm, apical half dilated and 1.5-2 mm in diam.; stigmas falcate, long. Fl. Oct-Nov. 2n = 42.

Forests, grasslands at forest margins; 500–1200 m. S Yunnan [Bhutan, India, Kashmir, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand].

52. Habenaria leptoloba Bentham, Fl. Hongk. 362. 1861.

细裂玉凤花 xi lie yu feng hua

Plants 15–31 cm tall. Tubers oblong, ca. 2 cm \times 8 mm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, slender, near base with 3–6 leaves, with 2–5 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade lanceolate or linear, 6–15 \times 1–1.8 cm, base contracted into amplexical sheath, apex

acuminate or acute. Raceme 8–19-flowered, 8–14 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, 4–12 mm, longer than ovary, apex acuminate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, glabrous, including pedicel 7–8 mm. Flowers yellowish greenish; sepals greenish. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, broadly ovate, concave, ca. 3×2.8 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals spreading or reflexed, obliquely ovate-lanceolate, ca. 4.5×2 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse. Petals erect, whitish green, obliquely ovate, concave, ca. 3.8×2 mm, 1-veined, apex obtuse; lip yellow, relatively long, deeply 3-lobed from base, lobes linear; lateral lobes divergent, ca. 6 mm, narrowed toward apex, apex obtuse; midlobe ca. 4 mm, apex obtuse; spur pendulous or slightly curved, cylindric, 8–11 mm, longer than ovary, slender, slightly thick-ened near end, apex obtuse. Fl. Aug–Sep.

· Humid places in forests or grasslands. Hong Kong.

53. Habenaria nematocerata Tang & F. T. Wang, Bull. Fan Mem. Inst. Biol. Bot. 10: 39. 1940.

细距玉凤花 xi ju yu feng hua

Plants 40–45 cm tall. Stem terete, with 3 tubular sheaths at base, 3 or 4 leaves near base, and 6–8 bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade narrowly oblong, narrowly elliptic, or narrowly spatulate, 9–15 × 2–2.5 cm, papery, base attenuate into amplexicaul sheath, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme loosely 15–30-flowered, 10–18 cm; floral bracts lanceolate, much shorter than ovary, apex aristate; ovary twisted, cylindric-fusiform, glabrous, including pedicel ca. 15 mm. Flowers pinkish white. Dorsal sepal forming a hood with petals, erect, oblong-ovate, concave, ca. 4×2.5 mm, 3-veined, apex obtuse; lateral sepals reflexed,

oblique, narrowly ovate, ca. 4.5×2 mm, 2-veined, apex obtuse. Petals obliquely oblong-ovate, ca. 4×1.7 mm, with 1 vein, apex obtuse; lip deeply 3-lobed above base; lateral lobes divergent, pendulous, filiform, 9–10 mm; mid-lobe narrowly ligulate, 4–5 × ca. 1 mm; spur pendulous, curved, ca. 21 mm, much longer than ovary, slender, slightly dilated toward end; connective very narrow; pollinia inversely pear-shaped; caudicles long; viscidia ovate-elliptic. Fl. Oct.

• Forests; ca. 1200 m. SW Yunnan.

54. Habenaria furcifera Lindley, Gen. Sp. Orchid. Pl. 319. 1835.

密花玉凤花 mi hua yu feng hua

Plants to 50 cm tall. Tubers oblong, $4-5 \times 2-2.5$ cm, fleshy. Stem erect, terete, slender, glabrous, with 6 leaves below middle and 11 sparse bractlike leaves above. Leaf blade elliptic to narrowly elliptic, $8-18 \times 3-6.5$ cm, base contracted into amplexicaul sheath, apex acuminate or acute. Raceme densely many flowered, 9.5-13 cm, glabrous; floral bracts lanceolate, 7-15 mm, slightly shorter than or nearly as long as ovary, apex long acuminate. Flowers greenish, small, glabrous. Dorsal sepal forming a concave hood with petals, ovate, ca. 4×3 mm, 3veined, apex acute; lateral sepals reflexed, obliquely oblonglanceolate, ca. 4.5 × 2 mm, 3-veined, apex subobtuse. Petals lanceolate, concave, ca. 4×1.7 mm, with 1 vein, attenuate toward apex, apex subobtuse; lip 3-lobed from base; lobes linear; lateral lobes slightly curved, ca. 7 mm; mid-lobe erect, ca. 5 mm; spur pendulous, curved, ca. 17 mm, much longer than ovary, slender; stigmas suboblong, small. Fl. Sep. 2n = 42.

Forest margins, forests; 1100-1200 m. S Yunnan [Bhutan, India, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand].

Flora of China 25: 144-160. 2009.